

MOUND



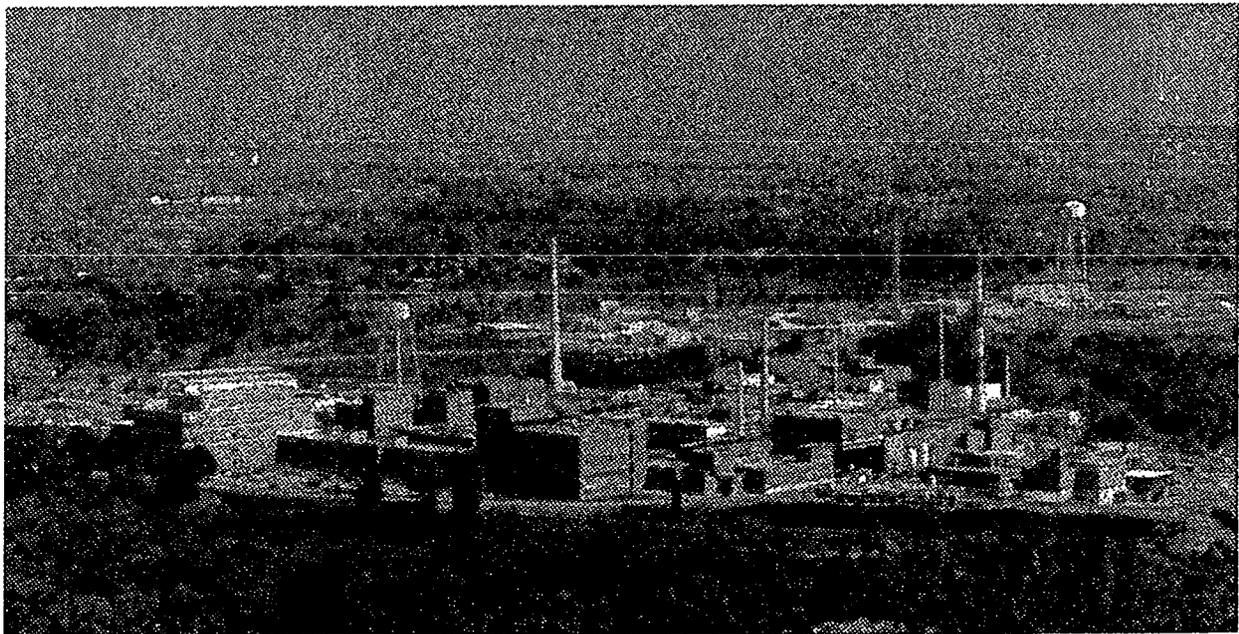
**Environmental
Restoration
Program**



MOUND PLANT

Potential Release Site Package

PRS # 363



PRS 363

REV	DESCRIPTION	DATE
0 PUBLIC RELEASE	Available for comment.	Jan. 14, 1998
1 FINAL RELEASE	Comment period expired.	



MOUND PLANT

Release Block O

Potential Release Site

PRS 363



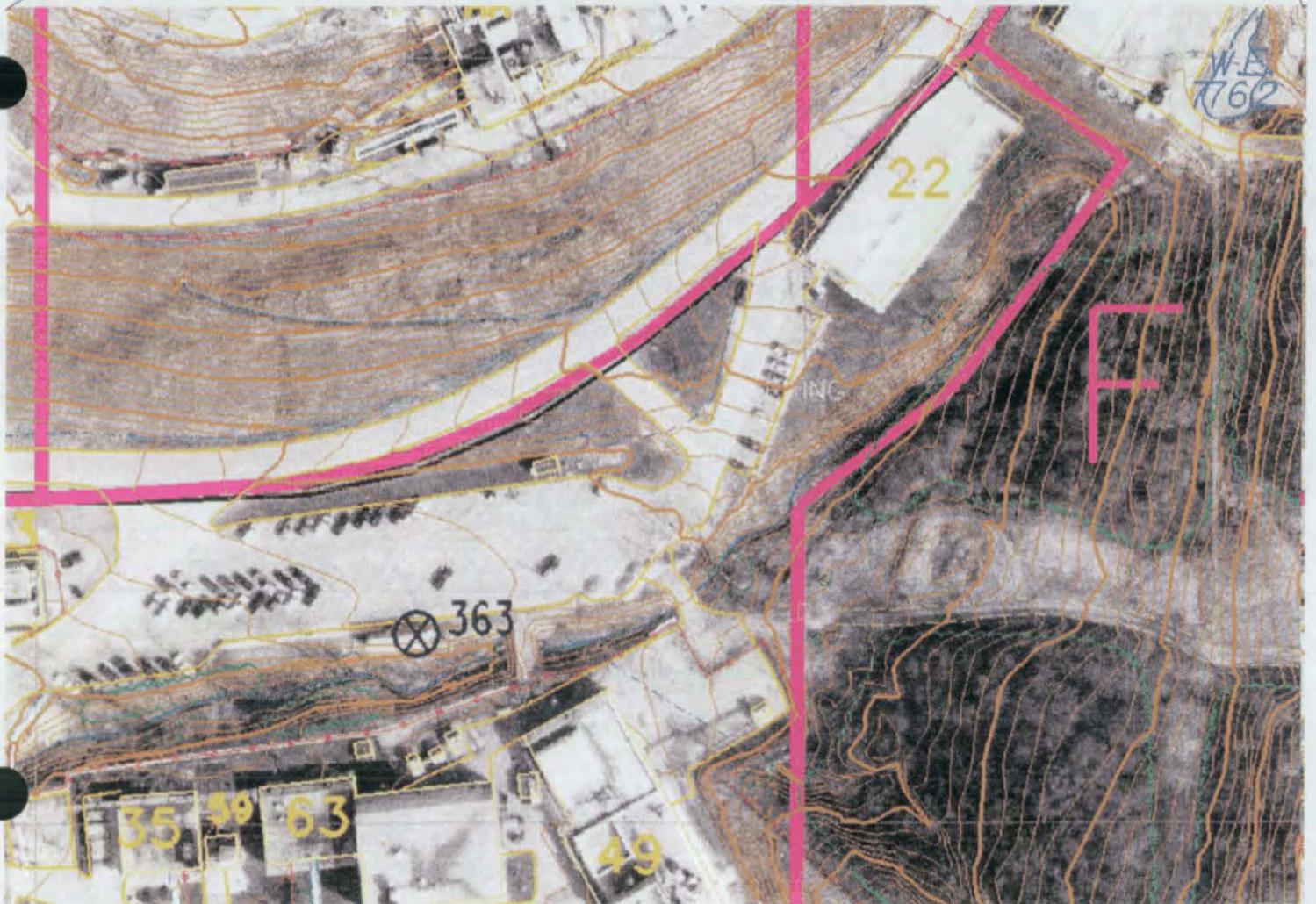
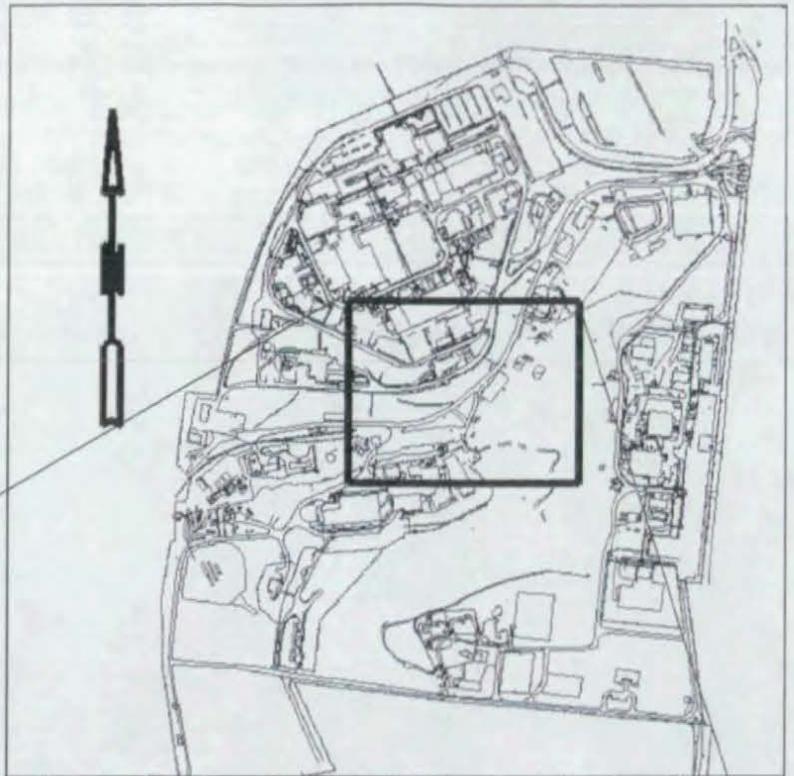
363

Mound Plant

Release Block C

Potential Release Site

PRS 363





PRS 363

PRS HISTORY:

PRS 363 was an isolated Pu-238 hot spot identified during the site survey for the OU5, Non-AOC investigation (June 1994 - October 1994). No radioactive or hazardous waste generating processes are known to have occurred at the location of PRS 363. However, there is a 12-inch concrete storm sewer pipe near PRS 363 which transported a low-risk discharge from SM Building to the site drainage ditch.²

CONTAMINATION:

- 1) The **OU5 Operational Area Non-AOC Investigation**^{1,5} detected surface plutonium-238 at a concentration of 85 pCi/g (Mound soil screening lab) which identified this location as PRS 363. Concentrations of thorium-232 did not exceed 2 pCi/g. The Mound ALARA guideline criteria for plutonium-238 is 25 pCi/g and the regulatory guideline for surface thorium-232 is 5 pCi/g. The **OU5 Operational Area Investigation**^{1,5} also investigated hydrocarbons at PRS 363 via a qualitative PETREX soil gas survey. Results of the investigation found no elevated hydrocarbon readings at PRS 363.
- 2) The **Other Soils Investigation**⁴ found plutonium-238 in Mound's drainage ditch (PRS 67) at concentrations from 28 to 81 pCi/g at surface and at depth. These findings were within approximately fifty feet of PRS 363. The Mound ALARA guideline criteria for plutonium-238 is 25 pCi/g.
- 3) The **Radiological Site Survey**³ took one surface sample in the vicinity of PRS 363 (sample #0443). Plutonium-238 was detected at 1.16 pCi/g and thorium-238 was detected at less than 2 pCi/g. The Mound ALARA guideline criteria for plutonium-238 is 25 pCi/g and the regulatory guideline for surface thorium-232 is 5 pCi/g.

READING ROOM REFERENCES:

- 1) OU5, Operational Area Phase I Investigation Non-AOC Field Report, Volume I, June 1995. (pages 6-9)
- 2) OU9, Site Scoping Report: Volume 7 - Waste Management, February 1993. (pages 10-11)
- 3) OU9, Site Scoping Report: Volume 3 - Radiological Site Survey, June 1993. (pages 12-14)
- 4) Other Soils Investigation - Field Data, March 1995. (pages 15-19)
- 5) OU5, Operational Area Phase I Investigation Non-AOC Field Report, Volume II-App. A-G, June 1995. (pages 20-25)

PREPARED BY:

Gary L. Coons, Member of EG&G Technical Staff

SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

PRS 363

HISTORY:

The **OU5, Operational Area Phase I Non-AOC Investigation** investigated the presence of radiological and hydrocarbon contamination in the soil at PRS 363 (see paragraph #1 on the previous page). Results of the investigation showed an elevated detection of plutonium-238.^{1,5}

CONTAMINATION:

In March 1996, the **Soil Gas Confirmation Investigation**⁶ was performed in response to an EPA and DOE decision to further assess PRS 363. A soil sample was collected within 50 feet of PRS 363. The sample was collected over a depth of 1 to 3 feet and analyzed for volatiles, semivolatiles, PCBs, pesticides, metals, radionuclides, and explosives. Results of the investigation showed:

All concentrations of volatile, semivolatile, PCBs, pesticides, metals, radionuclides, and explosives, in the soils, were below their respective ALARA, regulatory or 10^{-6} Risk Based Guideline Criteria.^{6, 7, 8}

SUPPLEMENTAL DATA REFERENCES:

- 6) Further Assessment, Soil Gas Confirmation Sampling, May 1996. (pages 26-35)
- 7) Risk-Based Soil Guidelines, Final, Revision 3, December 1995.
- 8) Code of Federal Regulations, 40 CFR 192.12 and 40 CFR 192.41.

**MOUND PLANT
PRS 363
Soil Contamination**

RECOMMENDATION:

PRS 363 was an isolated Pu-238 hot spot identified during the site survey for the OU5, Non-AOC investigation (June 1994 - October 1994). No radioactive or hazardous waste generating processes are known to have occurred at the location of PRS 363. However, there is a 12-inch concrete storm sewer pipe near PRS 363, which transported a low-risk wastewater from SM Building to the site drainage ditch.

The Core Team originally recommended Further Assessment for PRS 363. Subsequently, the cost of further investigation versus the cost of removing the potentially contaminated soils was evaluated. Cost estimates indicate that the cost of removal is not significantly greater than the cost of further assessment at PRS 363. Additionally Further Assessment findings may indicate the need for a Response (removal) Action, resulting in costs associated with both Further Assessment and Response Action. Therefore, the Core Team recommends a RESPONSE ACTION as a more cost-effective course of action for PRS 363.

CONCURRENCE:

DOE/MEMP:	<u>Arthur W. Kleinrath</u>	<u>12/17/97</u>
	Arthur W. Kleinrath, Remedial Project Manager	(date)
USEPA:	<u>Timothy J. Fischer</u>	<u>12/17/97</u>
	Timothy J. Fischer, Remedial Project Manager	(date)
OEPA:	<u>Brian K. Nickel</u>	<u>12/18/97</u>
	Brian K. Nickel, Project Manager	(date)

SUMMARY OF COMMENTS AND RESPONSES:

Comment period from _____ to _____

- No comments were received during the comment period.
- Comment responses can be found on page _____ of this package.

REFERENCE MATERIAL
PRS 363

Environmental Restoration Program

**OPERABLE UNIT 5
OPERATIONAL AREA PHASE I INVESTIGATION
NON-AOC FIELD REPORT**

**MOUND PLANT
MIAMISBURG, OHIO**

VOLUME I - TEXT

June 1995

Final (Revision 0)



**U.S. Department of Energy
Ohio Field Office**

EG&G Mound Applied Technologies

~~Two areas of elevated surface activity were found during the FIDLER survey of Area 61 (see Figure 2.1). Activity in these areas (near grid locations A3 and A4) ranged between 8.5 and 9.0 kcpm using the Out Channel. The Out Channel CC for Area 61 was 8.0 kcpm.~~

2.1.4.2. Surface Soil Screening

Surface soil samples, collected as part of the soil gas survey (see Section 2.2), were analyzed for Pu-238 and Th-232 at the Mound Plant Soil Screening Facility. Concentrations of Th-232 at or exceeding the Mound Plant Soil Screening Facility detection limit of 2.0 pCi/g were detected at six of the 442 sample locations. Figure 2.2 shows the locations where concentrations of Th-232 equal or exceed 2 pCi/g. Concentrations of Pu-238 at or exceeding the Mound Plant Soil Screening Facility detection limit of 25 pCi/g were detected at 51 of the 442 sample locations. This information is summarized in Table II.3.

Plate 3, Volume 1 shows (1) the concentration contours where Pu-238 exists at concentrations from 25-50 pCi/g, and (2) the concentration contours where Pu-238 exists at concentrations greater than 50 pCi/g. The concentration of Pu-238 at the soil surface exceeds 100 pCi/g at one Non-AOC grid location at 16N5 (243 pCi/g).

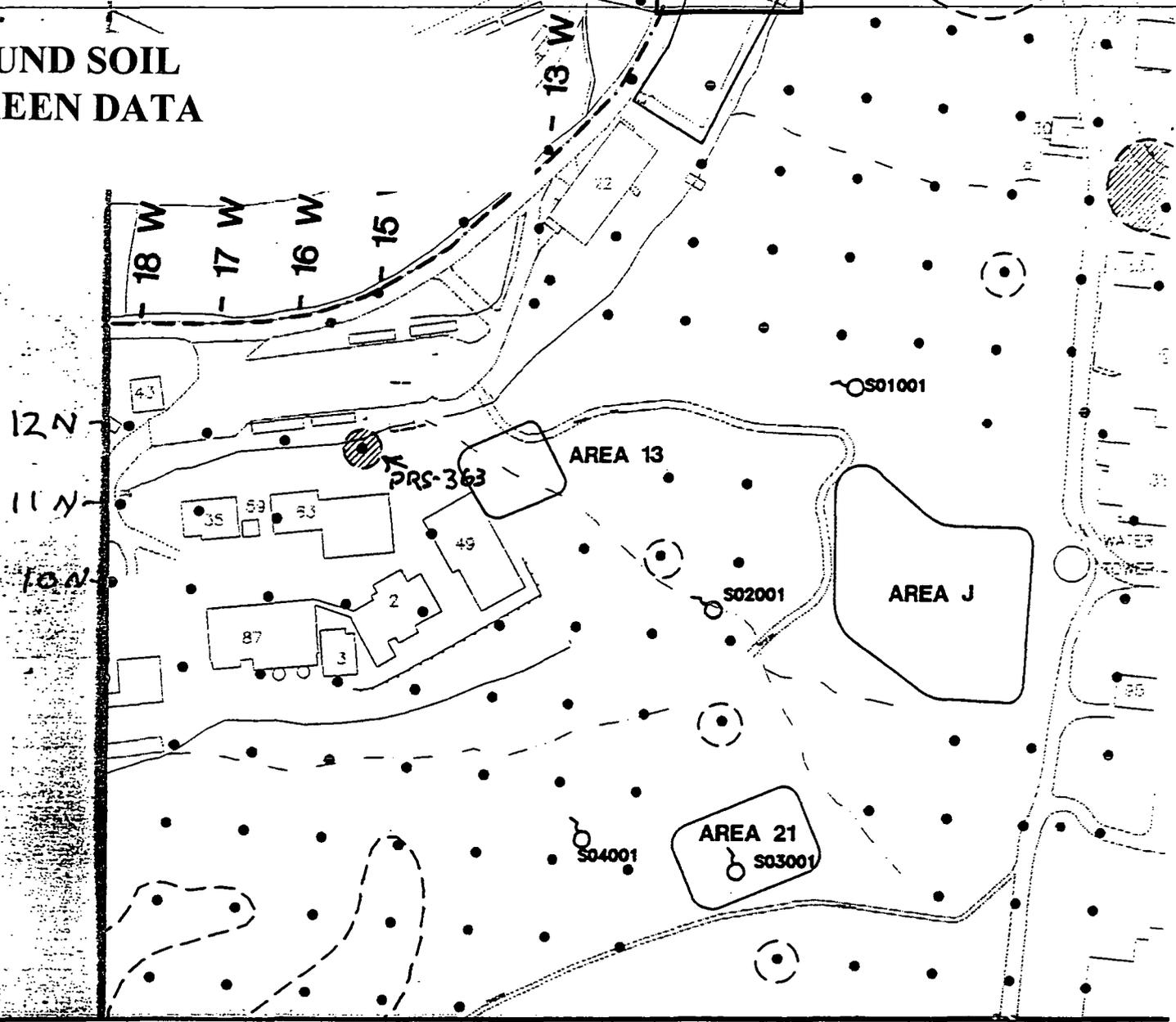
~~The concentrations of Pu-238 do not exceed 25 pCi/g in Area 61. The concentration of Th-232 at the soil surface does not exceed 2 pCi/g in Area 61.~~

2.2. SOIL GAS SURVEY

A soil gas survey was performed in the Non-AOC from June 14 to October 11, 1994 and in Area 61 from August 11 to September 6, 1994. The purpose of the soil gas survey was to locate areas within the Non-AOC, including Area 61, which exhibit potential subsurface contamination by VOCs and SVOCs.

~~The Non-AOC and Area 61 soil gas surveys were completed over grid systems established for each area. The distance between the sample location points within the sampling grid was 100 feet for the Non-AOC and 25 feet for Area 61 (see Plate 1, Volume D). Due to its size, the soil gas survey for the Non-AOC was divided into five sections designated as North, South, West, East, and Area 61 (see Plate 1, Appendix~~

MOUND SOIL SCREEN DATA



AREAS OF ELEVATED SURFACE SOIL PU-238 ACTIVITY

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">  Monitoring Well  Piezometer 1 N -
1 W - Grid Lines  Seeps  Contour for Pu-238 Concentrations Between 25 - 50 pCi/g  Contour for Pu-238 Concentrations > 50 pCi/g | <h3>AREAS OF SPECIAL INTEREST AND ADDITIONAL SAMPLING</h3> <ul style="list-style-type: none">  Surface Soil Sampling Locations (Area 4 Pyrotechnic Waste Disposal Area and Building 34 Firefighting Training Area)  Soil Gas and Soil Screening Facility Radiological Sampling Locations (Fuel Area and Additional Sampling ^a)  Soil Screening Facility Radiological Sampling Location: (Additional Sampling ^a)  Surface and Subsurface Soil Sampling Locations (Building 24)  ^a OUS Discussion Paper (See Appendix 3) |
|---|---|

Note: Information on Basemap is Derived from the Weston OUS Site Scoping Report, 1993, & Referenced to the 1927 Ohio State Plane Coordinate System

Table II.3. Summary of Elevated Surface Soil Radiological Activity
Page 2 of 2

Grid Location ^a	Mound Soil Screening Facility Data ^b	
	Plutonium-238 (pCi/g)	Thorium-232 (pCi/g)
6N9	33	ND
6N14	30	ND
6N16	29	ND
6N17	25	ND
6N19	39	ND
7N14	27	ND
7N18	26	ND
7N23	25	1
9N10	25	ND
11N11	25	ND
12N15	85	ND
15N7	30	ND
16N4	78	ND
16N5	243	ND
19N7	56	15.9
19N8	25	2.4 ND
20N6		2.6
20N7		14.7
22N4		2.0
23N1	25	ND
23N2	26	1
23N5	25	ND
B18001 (Building 24)	38	6.7
21.5N2.5	25	ND

**MOUND SOIL
SCREEN DATA**

^a See Plate 1 for grid location

ND) Radiological contamination not detected above the Mound Plant Soil Screening Facility detection limits of 25 pCi/g for Pu-238 and 2 pCi/g for Th-232

Environmental Restoration Program

EG&G MOUND-29-01 -01 -07 -07 -9502080001

**OPERABLE UNIT 9, SITE SCOPING REPORT:
VOLUME 7 - WASTE MANAGEMENT**

**MOUND PLANT
MIAMISBURG, OHIO**

February 1993

**FINAL
(Revision 0)**

**Department of Energy
Albuquerque Field Office**

**Environmental Restoration Program
EG&G Mound Applied Technologies**



equipment sump. A small 8-gallon waste sump in the floor of the equipment room collected aqueous wastes that leaked from the equipment or that resulted from spills and maintenance activities. During modifications in 1963, it was discovered that the plumbing of the 8-gallon sump pump was connected directly to the storm sewer. The plumbing was modified to route the sump output back to the low-risk influent tanks.

In addition to the two 1,000-gallon influent tanks, there were also two underground steel tanks along the south wall and near the southwest corner of the SM Building. One tank had a capacity of 3,000 gallons and the other, a capacity of 5,000 gallons. One tank received shower waste from the change room and the other received low-risk waste for subsequent treatment in SM-1. The shower water tank was installed in 1963 (McMannon 1963-1966). Prior to this, shower and perhaps other decontamination water was diluted and discharged to the storm sewer.

Utilities associated with the SM Building included a septic tank and associated leach field for handling sanitary waste. Two storm sewers were used by the SM Building to discharge storm water runoff and the treated effluent from the waste disposal facility (Flanagan 1976, Freeman et al. 1962). The SM-1 low-risk effluent was discharged to a 12-inch-diameter concrete storm sewer pipe, located along the south wall of the building, that extended west down the SM hillside to an outfall near the drainage ditch. The overflow from the two 1,000-gallon low-risk waste tanks drained to the northern line via a 4-inch sewer line that paralleled the north wall of the building and connected to a 24-inch diameter concrete storm sewer. This north storm sewer outfall was located south of Building 30 on the SM hillside, near the sanitary leach field, where it merged with the plant drainage ditch.

The south storm sewer system connecting to the SM-1 waste disposal facility was tested in February 1963 and found to be leaking in an underground section between SM-1 and the building stack (McMannon 1963-1966). No information was developed as to how or when the sewer line leak was repaired. On April 18, 1964, the south storm sewer again developed a leak in the same area. While digging in the area, a black material was encountered that was interpreted to have been activated charcoal used in the treatment of low-risk waste (McMannon 1963-1966). During the third week of April 1964, this same sewer line developed a leak again. No information was developed to indicate the extent of the leak or the corrective action that was taken to effect a repair.

4.2. ALPHA WASTE SOLIDIFICATION FACILITIES (HISTORICAL)

High-risk waste generated in the plutonium production operations has generally been packaged for shipment offsite. Beginning with startup of the SM operations, however, the high-risk waste liquids were processed for plutonium recovery. In 1963, Mound began to distinguish between recoverable

ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION PROGRAM

**OPERABLE UNIT 9, SITE SCOPING REPORT:
VOLUME 3 - RADIOLOGICAL SITE SURVEY**

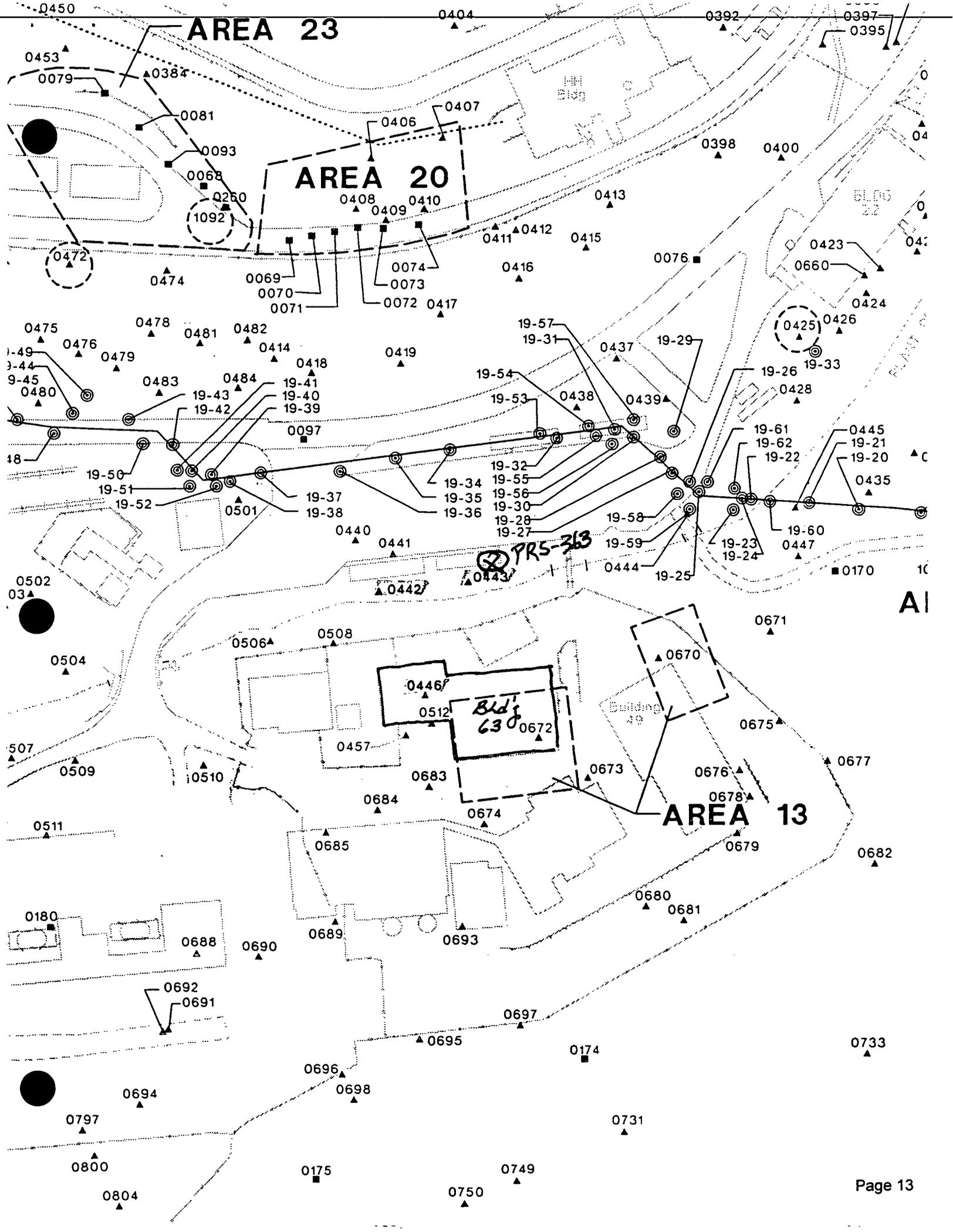
**MOUND PLANT
MIAMISBURG, OHIO**

June 1993

**DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
ALBUQUERQUE FIELD OFFICE**

**ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION PROGRAM
EG&G MOUND APPLIED TECHNOLOGIES**

FINAL



AREA 23

AREA 20

AREA 13

PR5-363

Bldg 630

Building 49

Map Location ^a	Coordinates		MRC ID No.	Mo-Yr	Depth (inch)	Pu-238 (pCi/g)	Thorium ^b (pCi/g)	Tritium (pCi/mL)	Co-60 (pCi/g)	Cs-137 (pCi/g)	Ra-226 (pCi/g)	Am-241 (pCi/g)
	South	West										
S0442	2550	3375	2985	10-83	0	1.49	b /					
→ S0443	2575	3300	2981	10-83	0	1.16	b /					
S0444	2600	3100	2986	10-83	0	0.79	b					
S0445	2635	3010	2987	10-83	0	2.18	b					
S0446	2650	3375	2983	10-83	0	0.47	b /					
S0447	2675	3025	5881	07-84	0	9.57	b					
S0448	1900	3455	4095	10-83	0	1.02	b					
S0449	1900	3530	6269	08-84	0	6.21	b					
S0450	1950	3430	6268	08-84	0	3.57	b					
C0077	1950	3680	1958	05-83	18	1.45	b					
RADIOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS												
S0451	1975	3480										
S0452	1975	3680										
C0078	1975	3755	1961	05-83	18	1.14	b					
			1962	05-83	30	0.35	b					
			1963	05-83	42	0.18	b					
			1964	05-83	72	0.97	b					
S0453	2000	3430	6272	08-84	0	19.80	b	LDL	LDL	0.8	LDL	
S0454	2000	3530	6270	08-84	0	4.87	b					
S0455	2000	3680	2425	09-82	0	NR	NR	LDL	LDL	0.8	LDL	

DRAFT
OTHER SOILS
CHARACTERIZATION
REPORT

MOUND PLANT
MIAMISBURG, OHIO

JANUARY 1996

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
OHIO FIELD OFFICE

DECONTAMINATION AND DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM
EG&G MOUND APPLIED TECHNOLOGIES

Field Data - Other Soils,
FRS 363 INVESTIGATION

Examples 6638-5001

66 = Area = Creek (Drainage Ditch)

38 = Sample location 34 (see map)

50 = Soil sample

01 = 0-1 foot sample depth

Where sample depths on this part of
the characterization are:

01 = 0 to 0.5 foot (surface)

04 = 0.5 to 4 foot

06 = 4 to 6 foot

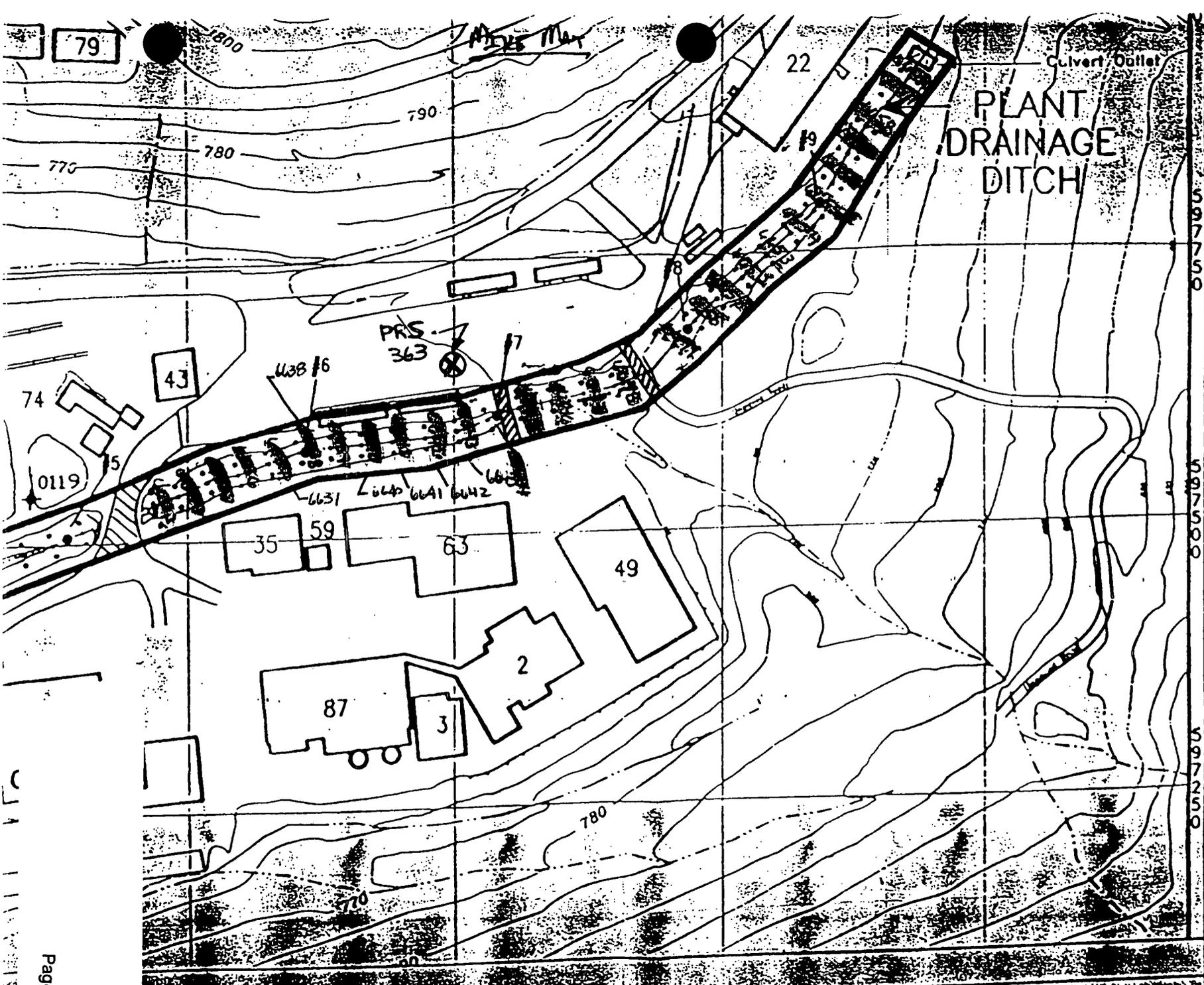


Figure 3.4. Plant Drainage Ditch
 Well Locations = Existing Preliminary Boundary and Sampling Grid

TEST RESULTS - SODIUM IODIDE SOIL SCREEN
 (MD-80030, OP. 1355)
 400 SECOND COUNT
 PREPARED BY BETTY PETERS -EXT. 4408

SAMPLER	SAMP TYPE	88 KEV WINDOW pCi/g	17 KEV WINDOW pCi/g	MORE ISO- TOPES	GRID LOCATION	WELL
DUNCAN 5892	CONT	1.2	42	N	WESTON AREA 66 OTHER SOILS 6638-5001	A
DUNCAN 5892	CONT	1.0	74	N	WESTON AREA 66 OTHER SOILS 6638-5004	C
DUNCAN 5892	CONT	1.0	28	N	WESTON AREA 66 OTHER SOILS 6638-5006	C

**MOUND SOIL
 SCREEN DATA**

TEST RESULTS - SODIUM IODIDE SOIL SCREEN
 (MD-80030, OP. 1355)
 400 SECOND COUNT
 PREPARED BY BETTY PETERS -EXT. 4408

SAMPLER	SAMP TYPE	<i>Tap</i>		CORE ISO- TOPES	GRID LOCATION	WELL
		88 KEV WINDOW	17 KEV WINDOW			
DUNCAN 5892	CONT	0.4	19	N	WESTON AREA 66 OTHER SOILS 6637-5001	C
DUNCAN 5892	CONT	0.8	<i>53</i>	N	WESTON AREA 66 OTHER SOILS 6640-5004	A
DUNCAN 5892	CONT	1.0	20	N	WESTON AREA 66 OTHER SOILS 6640-5006	C
DUNCAN 5892	CONT	1.0	<i>38</i>	N	WESTON AREA 66 OTHER SOILS 6641-5001	A
DUNCAN 5892	CONT	1.1	<i>42</i>	N	WESTON AREA 66 OTHER SOILS 6641-5004	A
DUNCAN 5892	CONT	1.1	8	N	WESTON AREA 66 OTHER SOILS 6642-5006	C
DUNCAN 5892	CONT	0.9	<i>33</i>	N	WESTON AREA 66 OTHER SOILS 6643-5001	A
DUNCAN 5892	CONT	0.6	<i>81</i>	N	WESTON AREA 66 OTHER SOILS 6643-5004	C

**MOUND SOIL
 SCREEN DATA**

Environmental Restoration Program

**OPERABLE UNIT 5
OPERATIONAL AREA PHASE I INVESTIGATION
NON-AOC FIELD REPORT**

**MOUND PLANT
MIAMISBURG, OHIO**

VOLUME II - APPENDICES A-G

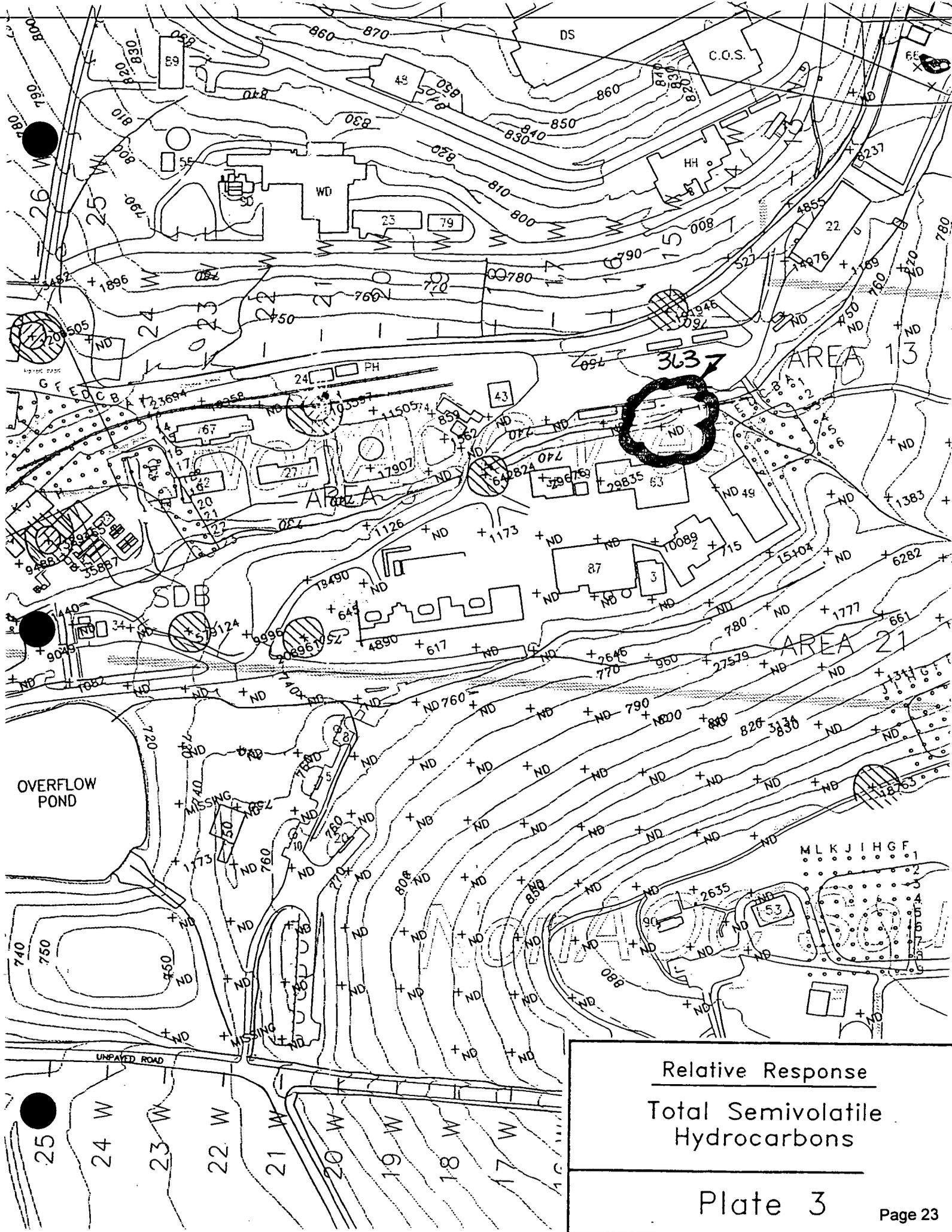
June 1995

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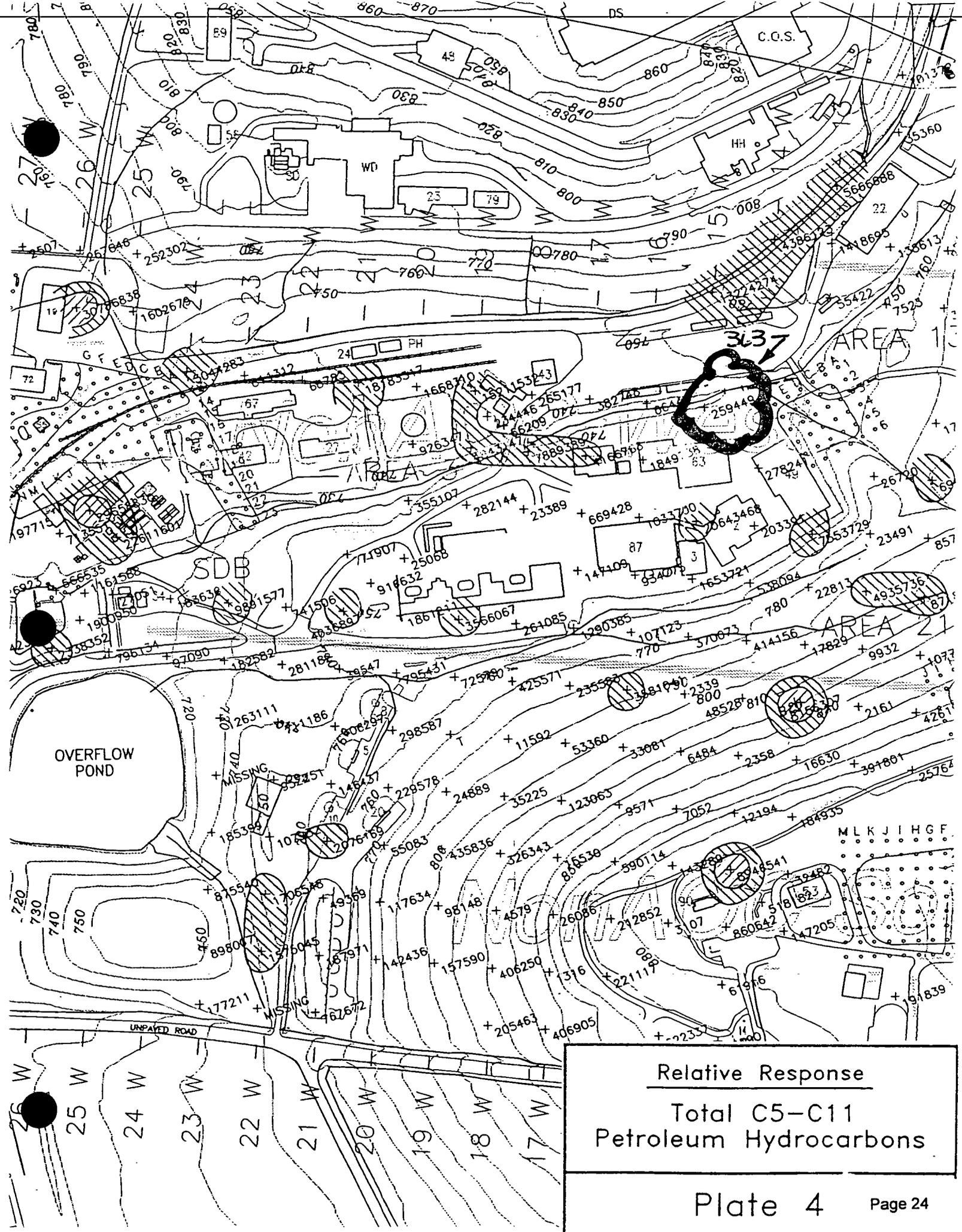


**U.S. Department of Energy
Ohio Field Office**

EG&G Mound Applied Technologies



Relative Response
 Total Semivolatile
 Hydrocarbons
 Plate 3
 Page 23



Relative Response
 Total C5-C11
 Petroleum Hydrocarbons

MOUND



**Environmental
Restoration
Program**

Further Assessment

Soil Gas Confirmation Sampling

**Mound Plant
Miamisburg, Ohio**

May 1996

Revision 0

Department of Energy

EG&G Mound Applied Technologies

Table I.1 Soil Analyte List

Volatile Organic Compounds

Acetone	Dibromochloromethane	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone
Benzene	1,1-Dichloroethane	Styrene
Bromodichloromethane	1,2-Dichloroethane	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
Bromoform	1,1-Dichloroethene	Tetrachloroethene
Bromomethane	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	1,1,1-Trichloroethane
2-Butanone	1,2-Dichloropropane	1,1,2-Trichloroethane-
Carbon Disulfide	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	Trichloroethene
Carbon Tetrachloride	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	Toluene
Chlorobenzene	Ethylbenzene	Vinyl Acetate
Chloroethane	2-Hexanone	Vinyl Chloride
Chloroform	Methylene Chloride	Xylenes (total)
Chloromethane		

Semivolatile Organic Compounds

Acenaphthene	Chrysene	Hexachlorobenzene
Acenaphthylene	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	Hexachlorobutadiene
Anthracene	Dibenzofuran	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene
Benzo(a)anthracene	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	Hexachloroethane
Benzo(a)pyrene	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	Isophorone
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	2-Methylnaphthalene
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	2,4-Dichlorophenol	2-Methylphenol
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	Diethylphthalate	4-Methylphenol
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	2,4-Dimethylphenol	Naphthalene
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	Dimethylphthalate	2-Nitroaniline
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	Di-n-butylphthalate	3-Nitroaniline
Butylbenzylphthalate	Di-n-octylphthalate	4-Nitroaniline
Carbazole	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	Nitrobenzene
4-Chloroaniline	2,4-Dinitrophenol	2-Nitrophenol
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	4-Nitrophenol
2-Chloronaphthalene	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine
2-Chlorophenol	Fluoranthene	N-Nitroso-diphenylamine
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	Fluorene	2,2-oxybis(1-Chloropropane)
Pentachlorophenol	Pyrene	2,4,5-Trichlorobenzene
Phenanthrene	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	2,4,6-Trichlorobenzene
Phenol		

Table I.1 Soil Analyte List (Continued)

Pesticides/PCB's

Aroclor-1016	Delta-BHC	Endosulfan II
Aroclor-1221	Gamma-BHC	Endosulfan sulfate
Aroclor-1232	alpha-Chlordane	Endrin
Aroclor-1242	gamma-Chlordane	Endrin aldehyde
Aroclor-1248	4,4'-DDD	Endrin ketone
Aroclor-1254	4,4'-DDE	Heptachlor
Aroclor-1260	4,4'-DDT	Heptachlor epoxide
Aldrin	Dieldrin	Methoxychlor
Alpha-BHC	Endosulfan I	Toxaphene
Beta-BHC		

Inorganics

Aluminum	Copper	Potassium
Antimony	Cyanide	Selenium
Arsenic	Iron	Silver
Barium	Lead	Sodium
Beryllium	Lithium	Thallium
Bismuth	Magnesium	Tin
Cadmium	Manganese	Vanadium
Calcium	Mercury	Zinc
Chromium	Molybdenum	Nitrate/Nitrite
Cobalt	Nickel	Explosives (USATHAMA,PETN)

Radionuclides

Americium-241	Plutonium-238	Thorium-230
Bismuth-207	Plutonium-239/240	Thorium-232
Bismuth-210	Potassium-40	Uranium-234
Cesium-137	Radium-226	Uranium-235
Cobalt-60	Thorium-228	Uranium-238

PRs Locations ●

Soil Gas Confirmation
Sampling Locations ▲

PRs 363

BD 5 22

000056

000055

000054

000053

000020

PRs 6
63

BD 4 87

The following tables contain the Soil Gas Confirmation Sampling results. Sampling was performed for the following categories of contaminants:

Volatiles

Semivolatiles

PCBs/pesticides

Metals

Radionuclides

Explosives

If no results are given for the contaminant categories listed above, then no detects were found for that category of contaminants.

Table A.1. Soil Gas Confirmation Detected Volatile Organic Compounds (cont.)

ANALYTE	SGC NAC 000016	SGC NAC 000017	SGC SAN 000018	SGC NAC 000019	SGC NAC 000020	SGC NAC 000022	Background	10 ⁻⁶ Construction Worker Guidelines
VOLATILES (µg/Kg)								
Acetone					36		NA	105000000
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)							NA	21500000
2-Butanone					6	J	NA	46500000
Benzene							NA	8900
Carbon Disulfide							NA	1400000
Chloroform							NA	NA
Chloromethane							NA	NA
Ethylbenzene							NA	480
Methylene Chloride	8		10		17	10	NA	NA
Tetrachloroethene							NA	10500000
Toluene		2	J	1	J	2	NA	1250000
Trichloroethene				7			NA	41000
Xylene (total)							NA	2150000000

- J - Numerical value is an estimated quantity
- NA - Value not available
- D - Sample was diluted
- C - Estimated due to error in calibration
- µg/kg - micrograms per kilogram

B - Detected below required limit of detection, but above instrument detection limit

Table A.2. Soil Gas Confirmation Detected Semivolatile Organic Compounds (cont.)

ANALYTE	SGC NAC 000016	SGC NAC 000017	SGC SAN 000018	SGC NAC 000020	SGC NAC 000021	SGC NAC 000024	Background	10 ⁶ Construction Worker Guidelines
SEMIVOLATILES (µg/Kg)								
Acenaphthene				21 J			NA	NA
Acenaphthylene					44 J		NA	NA
Anthracene					130 J		NA	320000000
Benzo(a)anthracene	47 J		48 J	130 J	110 J		NA	4100
Benzo(a)pyrene	42 J		68 J	150 J	130 J		NA	410
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	39 J		59 J	67 J	88 J		NA	4100
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	33 J		49 J	100 J	100 J		NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	46 J		62 J	37 J			NA	41000
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	100 J		1000			26 J	NA	215000
Butylbenzylphthalate							NA	215000000
Carbazole					21 J		NA	NA
Chrysene	51 J		54 J	220 J	170 J		NA	410000
Di-n-butyl phthalate							NA	105000000
Di-n-octyl phthalate						89 J	NA	21500000
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene			40 J	24 J	28 J		NA	410
Dibenzofuran							NA	NA
Diethyl phthalate							NA	NA
Fluoranthene	100 J	28 J	84 J	180 J	320 J		NA	42500000
Fluorene					26 J		NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	27 J		53 J	46 J	73 J		NA	4100
2-Methylnaphthalene							NA	NA
Naphthalene							NA	NA
Phenanthrene	63 J		27 J		220 J		NA	NA
Phenol							NA	650000000
Pyrene	87 J	26 J	91 J	1400	310 J		NA	32000000

NOTE: No detections are recorded for 000019. Therefore, semivolatiles were not found.

Table A.3. Soil Gas Confirmation Detected Pesticides/PCB's

ANALYTE	SGC NAC 000008	SGC NAC 000010	SGC NAC 000031	SGC A66 000041	SGC A61 000044	SGC A13 000060	Background	10 ⁶ Construction Worker Guidelines
PESTICIDES/PCB (µg/kg)								
Aroclor-1248	48			110	98		ND	380
Aroclor-1254	43				55		ND	21500
Alpha-Chlordane							ND	NA
Gamma-Chlordane						3.7	ND	NA
4,4'-DDT							13000	9000
Dieldrin		4.4	5*				ND	185
Endosulfan I				3.4*	2.4*		ND	NA
Endosulfan II							NA	NA
Endrin			11*				ND	NA
Heptachlor						2.9	ND	NA

NOTE: No detects for 000019 are recorded. Therefore, no pesticides nor PCBs were found.

Table A.4. Soil Gas Confirmation Detected TAL Inorganics (cont.)

ANALYTE	SGC NAC 000019	SGC NAC 000020	SGC NAC 000021	SGC NAC 000022	SGC NAC 000023	SGC NAC 000024	Background	10 ⁸ Construction Worker Guidelines
INORGANICS (mg/kg)								
Aluminum	7820	13400	7720	8030	12200	6410	19000	NA
Antimony				0.66 B			NA	425
Arsenic	6.8	3	4.3	13.3	2.0 BJ	0.83 BJ	8.6	320
Barium	56.1	17.9 B	24.2 B	65.8 J	90.3	28.4 B	180	75000
Beryllium	0.22 B	0.77	0.19 B	0.49	0.91	0.29	1.3	0.7
Bismuth							NA	NA
Cadmium	3.4						2.1	1050
Calcium	76400	64400	58300	42200	35400 J	210000 J	310000	NA
Chromium	8.9	18.6	13.9	14.4 J	16.2	7.9	20	1050000
Cobalt	8.4 B	12.9	10.3 B	11.5 B	13.1	5.9 B	19	NA
Copper	14.2	17.3	26.5	26.3 J	18.9	8.2	26	NA
Cyanide			0.65 B				ND	21400
Iron	16000	25500	20600	22300 J	29300	14600	35000	NA
Lead	14.2	5.3	14	14.9 J	16.4 J	5.2 J	48	NA
Lithium	9.7 B	39.5	25.8	15.3 B	18.8 B	12.8 B	26	NA
Magnesium	29800	16300	15800	22000 J	4640	15700	40000	NA
Manganese	539	505	577	522 J	1030 J	393 J	1400	135000
Mercury					0.07 BJ		NC	320
Molybdenum	2.2 B		0.53 B	5.7	0.87 B	0.63 B	27	NA
Nickel	13.3	27.3	21.3	27.4	42.3	12.3	32	21500
Potassium	1090 B	3590	1300	641 B	1760	874 B	1900	NA
Selenium							NA	NA
Silver			0.33 B				1700	5500000
Sodium	155 B	383 B	357 B	101 BJ	174 BJ	172 BJ	240	NA
Thallium							460	NA
Tin	1.3 B	1.6 B	1.7 B	1 B	0.97 B		20	NA
Vanadium	17.5	17.7	12.6 B	22.4 J	18.0	7.3	25	7500
Zinc	56.1	84.9	68.9	72.5 J	66.6	28.9	140	320000

Table A.5. Soil Gas Confirmation Detected Nitrate-Nitrite

ANALYTE	SGC NAC 000001	SGC NAC 000002	SGC NAC 000003	SGC NAC 000004	SGC NAC 000005	SGC NAC 000006	Background	10 ⁻⁶ Construction Worker Guidelines
GENERAL ANALYTES								
% Solids (%)	83.9	93.8	88.5	83.3	78.4	75.0	NA	NA
Nitrate/Nitrite (MG-N/KG)	2.0	1.8	1.2	2.1	7.2	4.8	26	NA

ANALYTE	SGC NAC 000007	SGC NAC 000008	SGC NAC 000009	SGC NAC 000010	SGC NAC 000011	SGC NAC 000012	Background	10 ⁻⁶ Construction Worker Guidelines
GENERAL ANALYTES								
% Solids (%)	83.9	95.0	78.9	83.9	90.1	84.7	NA	NA
Nitrate/Nitrite (MG-N/KG)	1.8	26.5	2.2	5.9	5.3	1.8	26	NA

ANALYTE	SGC NAC 000013	SGC NAC 000014	SGC NAC 000015	SGC NAC 000016	SGC NAC 000017	SGC SAN 000018	Background	10 ⁻⁶ Construction Worker Guidelines
GENERAL ANALYTES								
% Solids (%)	81.7	80.9	74.0	85.3	72.8	84.2	NA	NA
Nitrate/Nitrite (MG-N/KG)	2.1	4.9	3.0	2.4	6.4	13.7	26	NA

ANALYTE	SGC NAC 000019	SGC NAC 000020	SGC NAC 000021	SGC NAC 000022	SGC NAC 000023	SGC NAC 000024	Background	10 ⁻⁶ Construction Worker Guidelines
GENERAL ANALYTES								
% Solids (%)	85.3	87.6	77.4	78.3	77.5	89.5	NA	NA
Nitrate/Nitrite (MG-N/KG)	6.5	2.1	6.1	2.2	11.6	2.2	26	NA

Table A.6. Soil Gas Confirmation Detected Radionuclides (cont.)

ANALYTE	SGC NAC 000015	SGC NAC 000016	SGC NAC 000017	SGC SAN 000018	SGC NAC 000019	SGC NAC 000020	SGC NAC 000021	Background	10 ⁶ Construction Worker Guidelines
RADIONUCLIDES (pCi/g)									
Americium-241		0.162						ND	4.95
Bismuth-207		0.0183						ND	0.175
Bismuth-210		-0.00477						ND	NA
Cesium-137		0.0763	0.582				0.193	0.42	0.46
Cobalt-60		0.0142						NC	0.1
Plutonium-238	0.0118	0.253	0.200	0.684	0.121	0.721	0.772	0.13	5.5
Plutonium-239/240		0.00413	0.0166	0.00487			0.00579	0.18	5.5
Potassium-40	19.2	15.2	29.1	10.1	7.90	24.7	41.8	37	NA
Radium-226	1.40	0.934	0.960	0.677	0.528	0.841	1.03	2	0.14
Thorium-228	1.37	1.04	1.10	0.465	0.378	0.892	1.19	1.5	0.85
Thorium-230	1.48	1.36	1.01	0.582	0.749	1.08	0.701	1.9	44
Thorium-232	1.43	0.894	1.26	0.508	0.375	0.843	0.970	1.4	50
Uranium-234	1.01	0.765	0.698	0.523	0.440	0.751	0.861	1.1	37.5
Uranium-235	0.0927	0.0394	0.0403			0.0362	0.0374	0.11	3.35
Uranium-238	0.955	0.993	0.852	0.496	0.691	0.825	0.822	1.2	11