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Rocky Flats Plant

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Monthly Environmental Monitoring Report

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Executive Summary

The Rocky Flats Plant is part of a nationwide Department of Energy complex for the research, development, and production of nuclear weapons. The plant is responsible for fabricating nuclear weapons components from plutonium, uranium, beryllium, and stainless steel. Primary production activities include metal fabrication and assembly, chemical recovery and purification of process-produced transuranic radionuclides, and related quality control functions.

Because radioactive and chemically hazardous materials are used or handled at the Rocky Flats Plant, the plant maintains an extensive environmental protection program. Included in that program is regular monitoring for radioactive and hazardous constituents at onsite, plant boundary, and offsite locations. This Environmental Monitoring Report provides a monthly summary of environmental monitoring data collected by the Rocky Flats Plant. Summarized below are highlights from the major data categories presented. Remaining data presented in this report are within the ranges historically measured for their respective parameters and locations.

Radiation standards for protection of the public are discussed in Appendix A of this report. The primary standards are based on calculations of radiation dose. These calculations are performed annually using monitoring data presented in the Monthly Environmental Monitoring Report. Radiation doses to the public from Rocky Flats Plant operations are typically well below any regulatory limit and far less than are received from naturally occurring radiation sources in the Denver metropolitan area (see Appendix A).

Onsite and Offsite Surface Water Monitoring Results

Lost Samples for Walnut Creek at Indiana St. - Plutonium, americium and uranium water samples collected from Walnut Creek at Indiana Street for 10/26 - 10/27/91 (see errata for October 1991) were delivered to the Health and Safety Laboratory and verified by appropriate chain of custody procedures. The samples were lost in the laboratory after receipt, and no analytical results will be reported for this sample collection. Please note that the plutonium, americium, and uranium composite sample results for Pond A-4, which is the discharge point upstream of the Walnut Creek at Indiana Street location, are reported for 10/25 - 10/31/91. Results of the Pond A-4 sample are typical for that location.

Change in the Sampling and Compositing Protocol - To improve the detection capability for plutonium and americium analyses in surface water, the sampling and compositing protocol for these samples was changed, beginning with samples collected during the month of November 1991. Sample volumes collected for all non-discharge locations have been increased and the method of compositing standardized to ensure consistency in data reporting. Sample volumes collected for all discharge locations have similarly been increased and the method of compositing standardized. In most cases, sample volumes for analysis increased from one liter to four to seven liters. However, rerun samples will continue to be analyzed from a one-liter aliquot.

In the past, routine reruns have been performed for plutonium and americium samples that exceed 0.05 pCi/l. Beginning with the November samples, reruns will be performed for plutonium and americium samples that exceed 0.15 pCi/l. This change is made possible by the improved analytical data quality achieved through the new sampling and compositing protocol. The changes described above were implemented during the month of November, with full implementation as of November 30, 1991.

**November
1991**

Rocky Flats Plant Environmental Monitoring Report

Introduction

This report summarizes the effluent and environmental monitoring programs at the Rocky Flats Plant (RFP) for the month of November 1991. The data presented herein reflect the best information available to the RFP at this time. Should subsequent analyses indicate that any data presented herein are inaccurate or misleading, appropriate revisions will be issued promptly.

Tables 1 through 3 show monitoring results for radioactive and nonradioactive airborne effluents continuously sampled from plant buildings. Tables 4 through 6 summarize environmental monitoring data from the RFP ambient air sampling network. This network is comprised of continuously operating outdoor air samplers located on plantsite, around the plant boundary, and in neighboring communities.

Water sampling results for radioactive constituents are given in Tables 7 through 11. Results are summarized for plant surface water control ponds, for nearby drinking water reservoirs, and for tap water for neighboring communities. Nitrate monitoring for Great Western Reservoir and Standley Lake, the two drinking water reservoirs that can receive surface water discharges from the plant, are summarized in Table 12. Surface water discharges from RFP currently are being diverted around these drinking water reservoirs.

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has issued to the plant a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit for control of surface water discharges. Water sampling results associated with the NPDES permit, as modified by a March 25, 1991, Federal Facilities Compliance Agreement (FFCA) with EPA, are reported in Table 13. Applicable NPDES/FFCA limits are included in Table 13 for comparison. Monitoring results for which no limits have been established under the NPDES/FFCA are reported in Table 14. Appendix B

lists the volatile organic compounds for which monitoring is required under the NPDES/FFCA. Analytical results for nonradioactive parameters in water at the Walnut Creek at Indiana Street location are summarized in Table 15. Daily flow data for surface water from the two plant drainage systems (Walnut Creek and Woman Creek) are given in Tables 16 and 17. Daily flow data for water transferred from Pond B-5 to Pond A-4, for subsequent discharge offsite, are given in Table 18. Meteorological data, including percent wind direction frequency by wind speed class and daily precipitation, are given in Tables 19 and 20.

Appendix D contains corrections and updates on previously reported information.

Error terms in the form of "a±b" are included with some of the data. For a single sample, "a" is the analytical-blank corrected value; for multiple samples it represents the arithmetic mean, the volume-weighted mean, or the annual total, as indicated in the table. The error term "b" accounts for the propagated statistical counting uncertainty of the sample(s) and the associated analytical blanks at the 95 percent confidence level. These error terms represent a minimum estimate of error for the data.

Plutonium, uranium, americium, tritium, and beryllium measured concentrations are given in this report. Most of the measured concentrations are at or very near background levels, and often there is little or no amount of these materials in the media being analyzed. When this occurs, the results of the laboratory analyses can be expected to show a statistical distribution of positive and negative numbers near zero and numbers that are less than the calculated minimum detectable concentration for the analyses. The laboratory analytical blanks, used to correct for background contributions to the measurements, show a similar statistical distribution around their average values. Negative sample values result when the measured value for a laboratory analytical blank is subtracted from a sample analytical result smaller than the analytical blank value. Results that are less than calculated minimum detectable levels indicate that the results are below the level of statistical confidence in the actual numerical values. All reported results - including negative values and values that are less than minimum detectable levels - are included in any arithmetic calculations on the data set. Reporting all values allows all of the data to be evaluated using appropriate statistical treatment. This assists in identifying any

bias in the analyses, allows better evaluation of distributions and trends in environmental data, and helps in estimating the true sensitivity of the measurement process.

The reader should use caution in interpreting individual values that are negative or less than minimum detectable levels. A negative value has no physical significance. Values less than minimum detectable levels lack statistical confidence as to what the actual number is, although it is known with high confidence that it is below the specified detection level. Such values should not be interpreted as being the actual amount of material in the sample, but should be seen as reflecting a range (from zero to the minimum detectable level) in which the actual amount would likely lie. These values are significant, however, when taken together with other analytical results that indicate that the distribution is near zero.

The data provided in this report are provided as a matter of courtesy and should not be construed as an application for a permit or license, or in support of such an application. Approval of the Department of Energy should be obtained before publication of any data contained in this report.

Abbreviations used within this report are as defined.

Abbreviations

C Average	Average concentration
C Maximum	Maximum concentration
C Minimum	Minimum concentration
m ³	Cubic meter
m/s	Meters per second
mCi	Millicurie
mg/l	Milligrams per liter
mrem	Millirem
pCi/l	Picocuries per liter
pCi/m ³	Picocuries per cubic meter
pH	Hydrogen ion concentration
SU	Standard Unit
μg/m ³	Micrograms per cubic meter
#/100 ml	Number per 100 milliliter
μCi	Microcurie

Table 1

Plutonium and Americium Airborne Effluent Data

Month	Plutonium-239, -240 (10/17/91 - 11/15/91)		Americium-241 (09/16/91 - 10/18/91)	
	Release (μCi)	C Maximum (pCi/m^3)	Release (μCi)	C Maximum (pCi/m^3)
CY90	1.039	0.0078 \pm 0.0018	0.396	0.0014 \pm 0.0002
January	0.030 \pm 0.007	0.0005 \pm 0.0001	0.0075 \pm 0.0030	0.0006 \pm 0.0001
February	0.017 \pm 0.007	0.0002 \pm 0.0001	0.0076 \pm 0.0032	0.0001 \pm 0.0001
March	0.018 \pm 0.007	0.0001 \pm 0.0000	0.0008 \pm 0.0039	0.0001 \pm 0.0000
April	0.029 \pm 0.008	0.0001 \pm 0.0000	0.0046 \pm 0.0044	0.0000 \pm 0.0000
May	0.220 \pm 0.035	0.0030 \pm 0.0006	0.0070 \pm 0.0100	0.0002 \pm 0.0001
June	0.036 \pm 0.007	0.0001 \pm 0.0000	0.0093 \pm 0.0032	0.0000 \pm 0.0000
July	0.097 \pm 0.016	0.0009 \pm 0.0002	0.0221 \pm 0.0076	0.0002 \pm 0.0000
August	0.039 \pm 0.008	0.0003 \pm 0.0001	0.0092 \pm 0.0054	0.0001 \pm 0.0000
September	0.027 \pm 0.008	0.0002 \pm 0.0001	0.0080 \pm 0.0036	0.0000 \pm 0.0000
October	0.094 \pm 0.022 ^a	0.0003 \pm 0.0001	0.0307 \pm 0.0068	0.0000 \pm 0.0000
November	0.021 \pm 0.008 ^b	0.0007 \pm 0.0002		
December				
Year to Date	0.628 \pm 0.132	0.0030 \pm 0.0006	0.107 \pm 0.051	0.0006 \pm 0.0001

^a Previously reported as incomplete data.

^b The data for 10 plutonium locations are missing because of failure of Quality Assurance Criteria. The samples are being rerun.

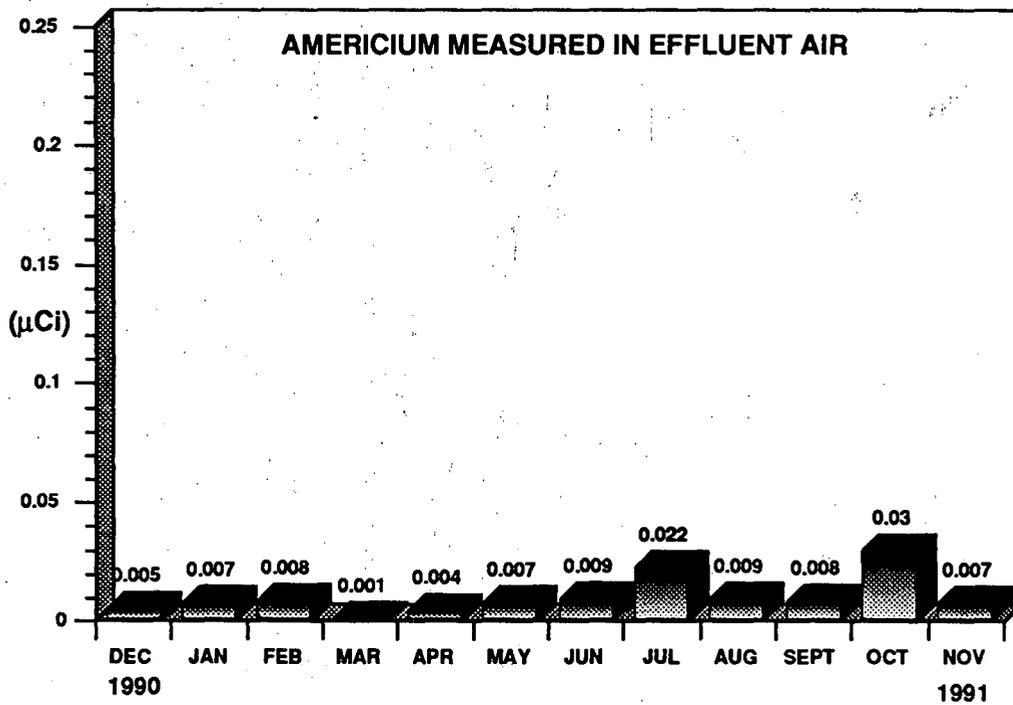
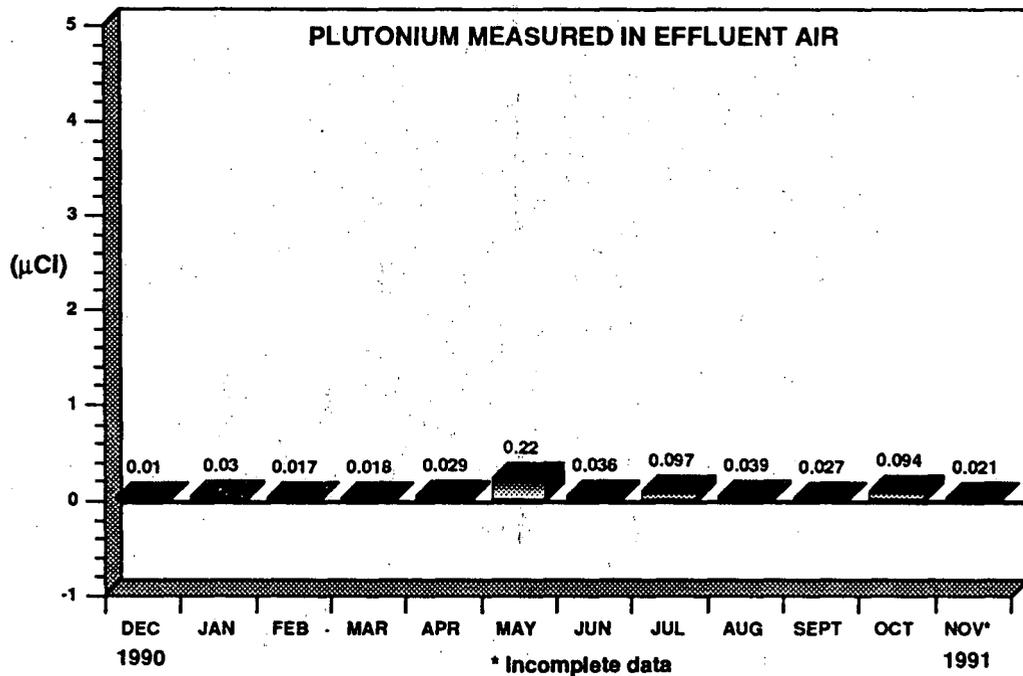


Table 2

Uranium Airborne Effluent Data

Month	Uranium-233, -234 (10/17/91 - 11/15/91)		Uranium-238 (10/17/91 - 11/15/91)	
	Release (μCi)	C Maximum (pCi/m^3)	Release (μCi)	C Maximum (pCi/m^3)
CY90	0.098	0.0026 \pm 0.0005	0.508	0.0003 \pm 0.0001
January	0.003 \pm 0.013	0.0001 \pm 0.0001	0.020 \pm 0.013	0.0002 \pm 0.0001
February	0.004 \pm 0.013	0.0001 \pm 0.0000	0.001 \pm 0.011	0.0001 \pm 0.0000
March	0.026 \pm 0.021	0.0001 \pm 0.0001	0.033 \pm 0.012	0.0001 \pm 0.0000
April	0.036 \pm 0.013	0.0001 \pm 0.0001	0.039 \pm 0.012	0.0002 \pm 0.0001
May	0.143 \pm 0.029	0.0001 \pm 0.0001	0.163 \pm 0.030	0.0001 \pm 0.0001
June	0.127 \pm 0.023	0.0001 \pm 0.0001	0.147 \pm 0.021	0.0003 \pm 0.0001
July	0.080 \pm 0.018	0.0001 \pm 0.0001	0.119 \pm 0.018	0.0005 \pm 0.0002
August	0.032 \pm 0.019	0.0001 \pm 0.0001	0.076 \pm 0.019	0.0002 \pm 0.0001
September	0.041 \pm 0.019	0.0001 \pm 0.0001	0.063 \pm 0.020	0.0001 \pm 0.0001
October	0.079 \pm 0.031 ^a	0.0001 \pm 0.0001	0.173 \pm 0.034 ^a	0.0002 \pm 0.0001
November	0.041 \pm 0.017 ^b	0.0001 \pm 0.0001	0.085 \pm 0.019 ^b	0.0002 \pm 0.0001
December				
Year to Date	0.612 \pm 0.214	0.0001 \pm 0.0001	0.915 \pm 0.209	0.0005 \pm 0.0002

^a Previously reported as incomplete data.

^b The data for 10 uranium locations are missing because of failure of Quality Assurance Criteria. The samples are being rerun.

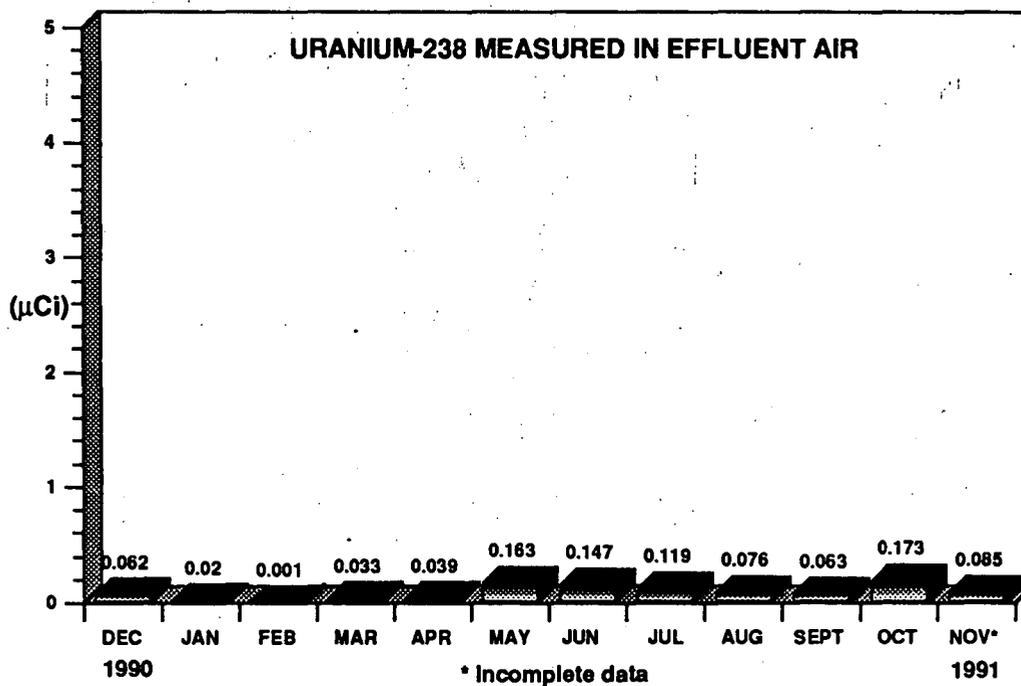
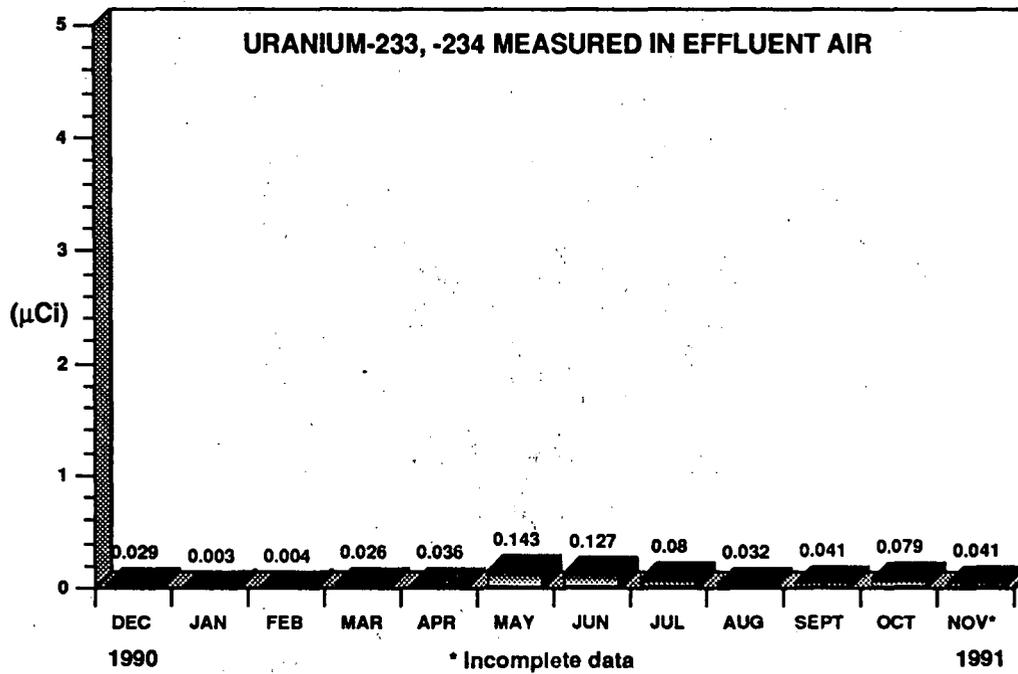


Table 3

Tritium and Beryllium Airborne Effluent Data

<u>Month</u>	<u>Tritium, H-3</u> <u>(10/30/91 - 11/29/91)</u>		<u>Beryllium</u> <u>(10/17/91 - 11/15/91)</u>	
	<u>Release</u> <u>(mCi)</u>	<u>C Maximum</u> <u>(pCi/m³)</u>	<u>Release</u> <u>(grams)</u>	<u>C Maximum</u> <u>(µg/m³)</u>
CY90	3.849	88 ± 7	1.4991	0.00136
January	0.082	19 ± 8	0.1468 ± 0.011	0.00059
February	0.147	30 ± 18	0.1212 ± 0.009	0.00049
March	0.179	27 ± 9	0.1051 ± 0.007	0.00032
April	0.358	40 ± 17	0.1300 ± 0.008	0.00184
May	0.121	21 ± 6	0.1016 ± 0.007	0.00043
June	0.450	94 ± 55	0.2200 ± 0.014	0.00065
July	0.857	68 ± 10	0.0893 ± 0.006	0.00034
August	0.483	61 ± 13	0.0695 ± 0.004	0.00022
September	0.330	46 ± 15	0.0802 ± 0.005	0.00062
October	0.674	50 ± 8	0.0608 ± 0.004	0.00076
November	0.479	92 ± 17	0.0629 ± 0.004	0.00029
December				
Year to Date	4.160	94 ± 55	1.1874 ± 0.080	0.00184

NOTE: Beryllium measured at the remaining 44 locations was below the screening level of 0.1 gram per month. Beryllium emissions from Rocky Flats Plant are regulated by the State of Colorado under Colorado Air Quality Control Regulation #8. The limit for beryllium air emissions is 10 grams per stationary source in a 24-hour period.

The calibration methodology for the beryllium analyses was changed beginning with the September 1990 samples to improve quality assurance. The previous procedure used the single-point, "simple method of additions," one of the methods recommended by the manufacturer of the graphite furnace atomic absorption analytical equipment. The current method is based on EPA Contract Laboratory Program protocol. It uses multi-point calibration curves, periodic validation of the curve with EPA validation standards, and periodic blank and sample checks to assure absence of equipment contamination and matrix effects during the analysis. No blank corrections are made to any beryllium data.

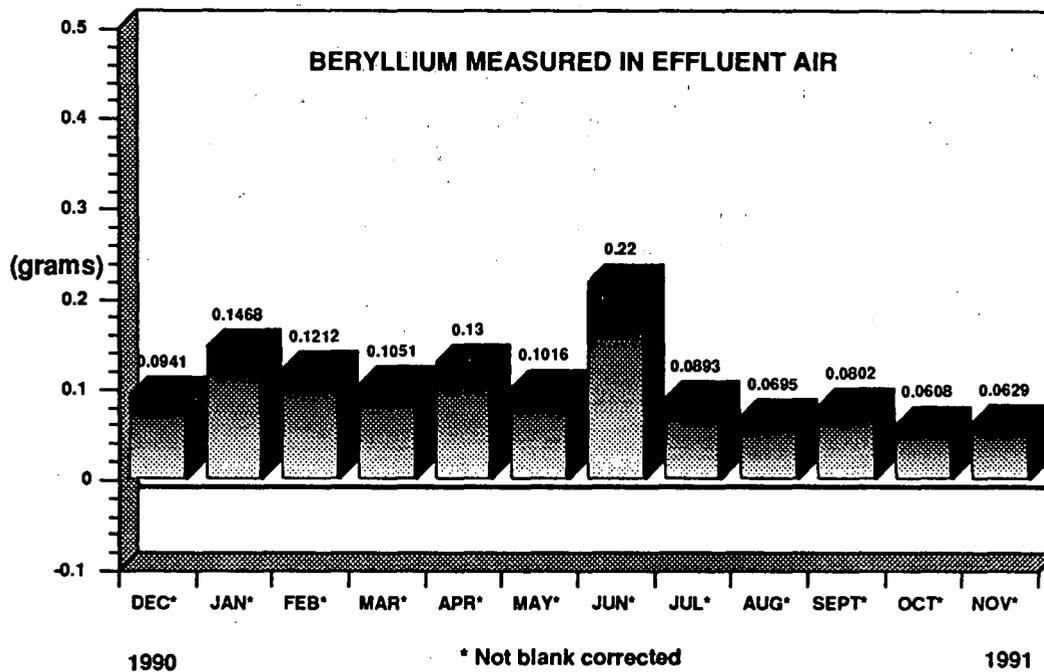
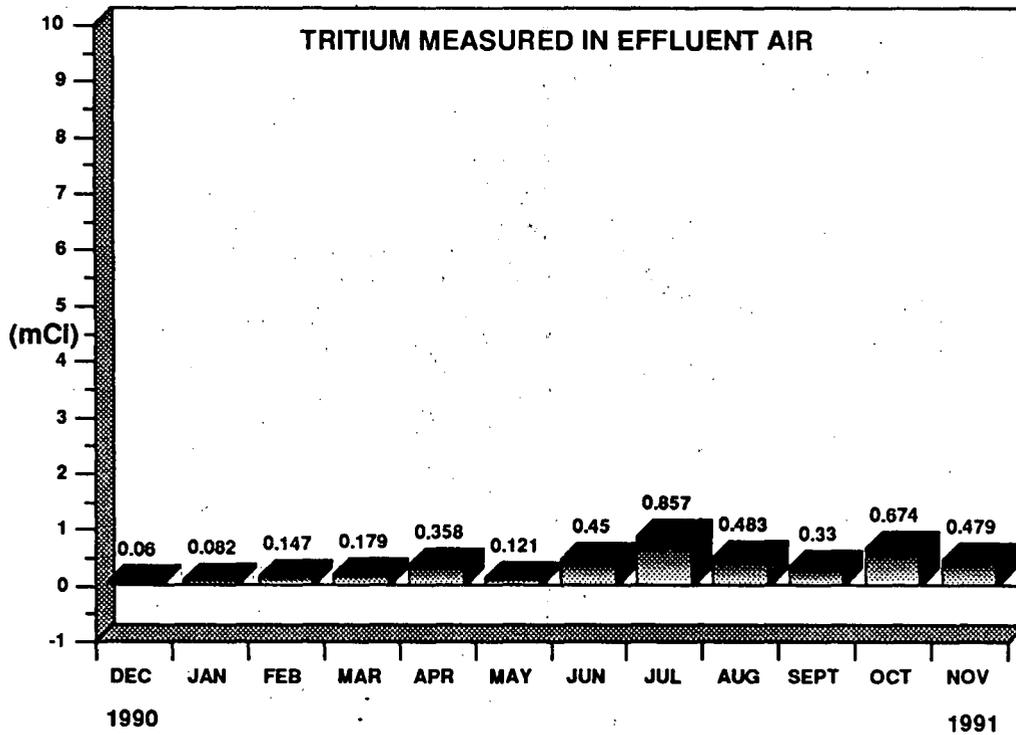


Table 4

Plutonium Concentrations in Ambient Air for Onsite Samplers

(10/28/91 - 11/25/91)

Location	Number Composited Monthly Samples	Volume (m³)	Plutonium Concentration (pCi/m³)	± 95 percent Confidence Interval (pCi/m³)
S-01	1	25000	0.000209	0.000042
S-02	1	35000	0.000005	0.000003
S-03	1	29000	0.000000	0.000002
S-04	1	27000	0.000004	0.000003
S-05	1	35000	0.000013	0.000004
S-06	1	33000	0.000010	0.000003
S-07	1	29000	0.000012	0.000004
S-08 ^a	1			
S-09	1	33000	0.000016	0.000005
S-10	1	32000	0.000004	0.000003
S-11	1	32000	0.000001	0.000002
S-12 ^b				
S-13	1	33000	0.000002	0.000002
S-14	1	30000	0.000002	0.000003
S-15 ^b				
S-16	1	32000	0.000001	0.000002
S-17 ^c	1	13000	0.000007	0.000006
S-18	1	33000	0.000008	0.000003
S-19	1	32000	0.000054	0.000011
S-20	1	35000	0.000012	0.000004
S-21	1	34000	0.000007	0.000003
S-22	1	27000	0.000002	0.000003
S-23 ^a	1			
S-24	1	34000	0.000001	0.000002
S-25 ^d	1	30000	0.000041	0.000009
S-81	1	30000	0.000006	0.000004

^a Incomplete laboratory analyses.

^b These samplers were removed from the RAAMP network and will be used at the new community operated monitoring stations.

^c Sampler was inoperable during part of the sampling period.

^d This sampler was previously designated as sampler number S-8B.

Table 5**Plutonium Concentrations in Ambient Air for Perimeter Samplers****(10/22/91 - 11/19/91)**

Location	Number Composited Monthly Samples	Volume (m³)	Plutonium Concentration (pCi/m³)	± 95 percent Confidence Interval (pCi/m³)
S-31 ^a	1			
S-32	1	35000	-0.000001	0.000001
S-33	1	33000	0.000001	0.000002
S-34	1	32000	0.000000	0.000001
S-35	1	31000	0.000000	0.000002
S-36	1	34000	-0.000001	0.000002
S-37	1	33000	0.000003	0.000002
S-38	1	31000	0.000000	0.000001
S-39	1	33000	0.000002	0.000002
S-40	1	35000	0.000000	0.000001
S-41	1	33000	0.000000	0.000001
S-42	1	31000	0.000000	0.000001
S-43	1	32000	-0.000001	0.000001
S-44	1	31000	0.000000	0.000001

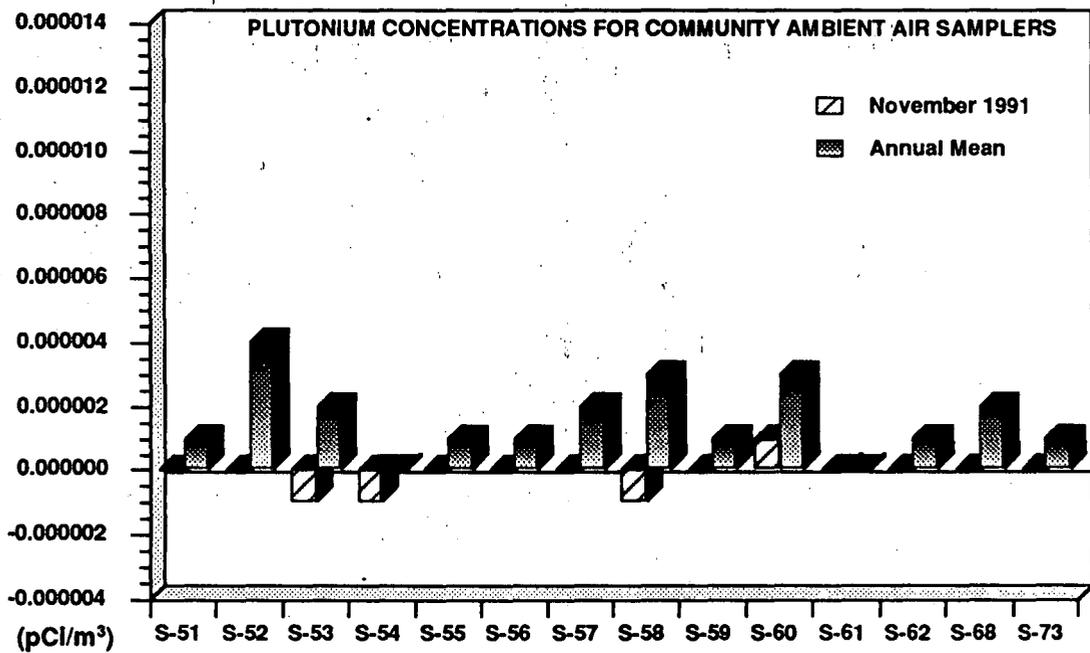
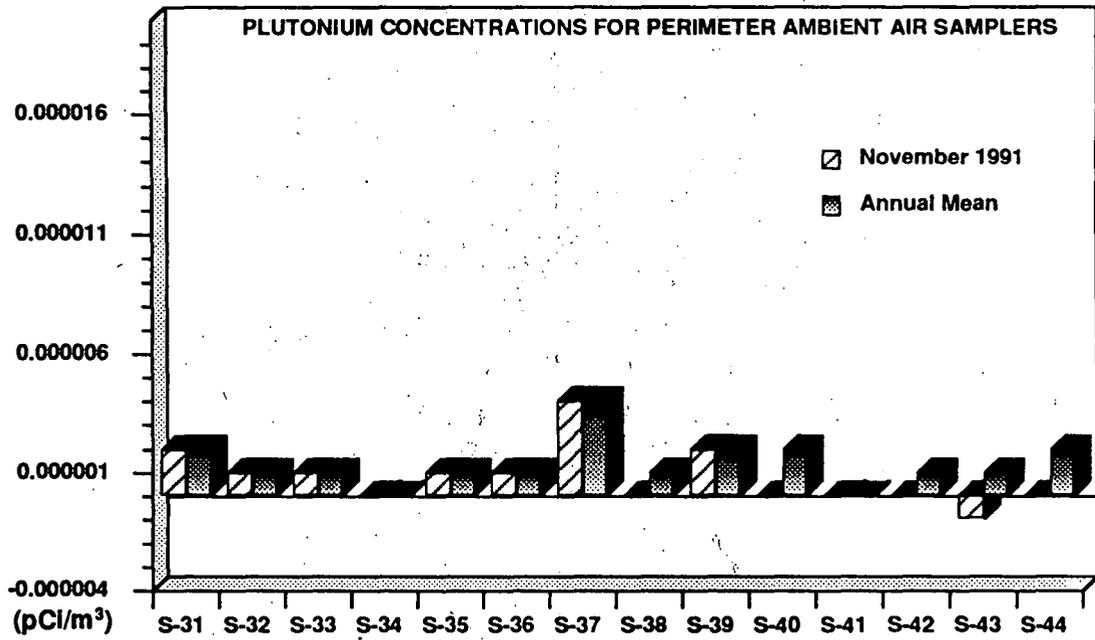
^a Incomplete laboratory analyses.

Table 6**Plutonium Concentrations in Ambient Air for Community Samplers****(10/23/91 - 11/20/91)**

Location	Community Name	Number Composited Monthly Samples	Volume (m³)	Plutonium Concentration (pCi/m³)	± 95 percent Confidence Interval (pCi/m³)
S-51	Marshall	1	30000	0.000000	0.000001
S-52	Jeffco Airport	1	34000	0.000000	0.000001
S-53	Superior	1	32000	-0.000001	0.000001
S-54	Boulder	1	34000	-0.000001	0.000001
S-55 ^a	Lafayette				
S-56	Broomfield	1	30000	0.000000	0.000001
S-57 ^a	Walnut Creek				
S-58	Wagner	1	33000	-0.000001	0.000001
S-59	Leyden	1	34000	0.000000	0.000001
S-60	Westminster	1	33000	0.000001	0.000001
S-61 ^b	Denver				
S-62	Golden	1	35000	0.000000	0.000001
S-68	Lakeview Pointe	1	36000	0.000000	0.000001
S-73	Cotton Creek	1	30000	0.000000	0.000001

^a This sampler was damaged beyond repair and must be replaced.

^b Sampler S-61 located in Denver was inoperative during this period. This sampler has been temporarily removed because of construction activities on the building where it is installed.



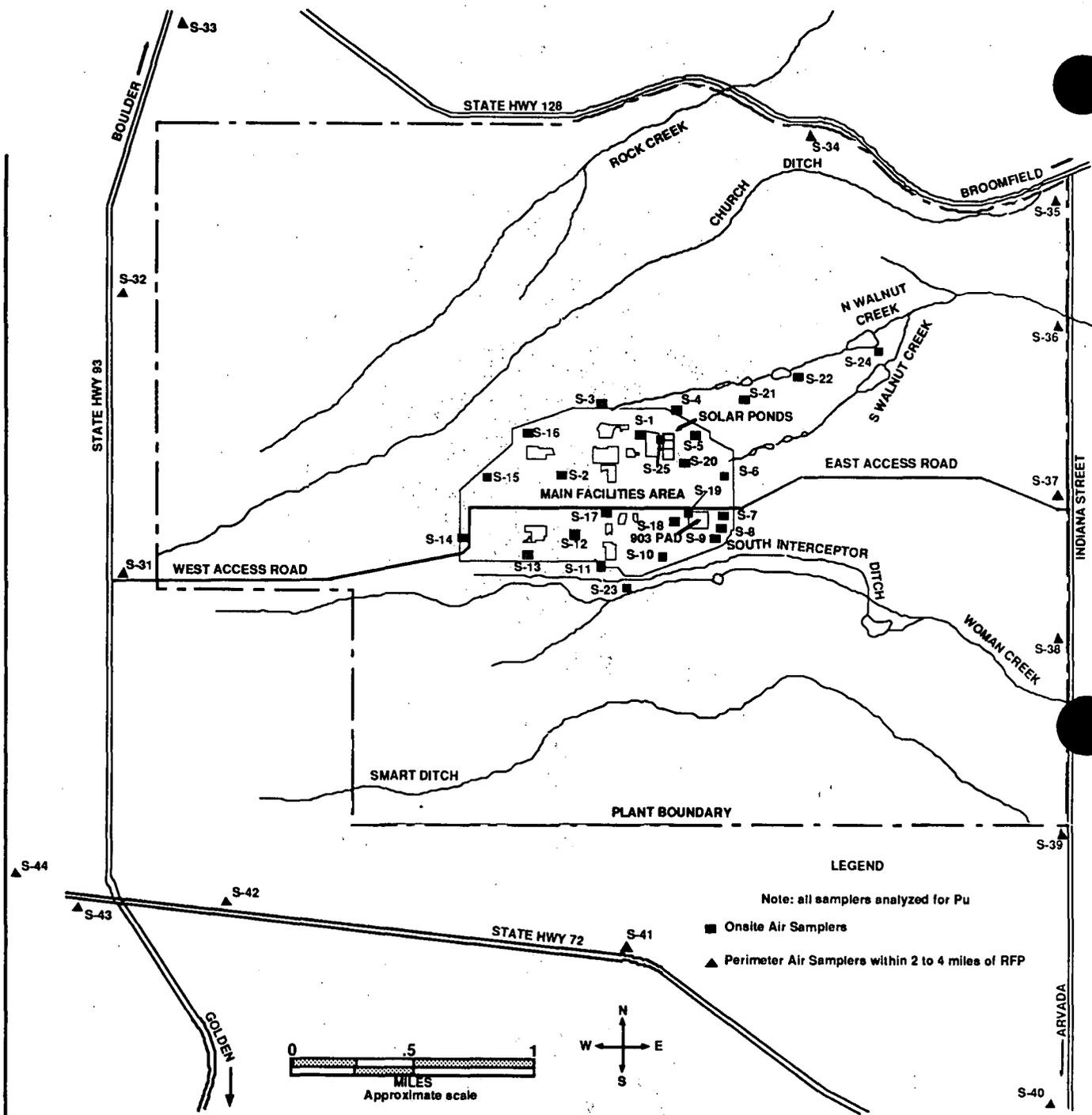


Figure 1: Location of Onsite and Perimeter Air Samplers

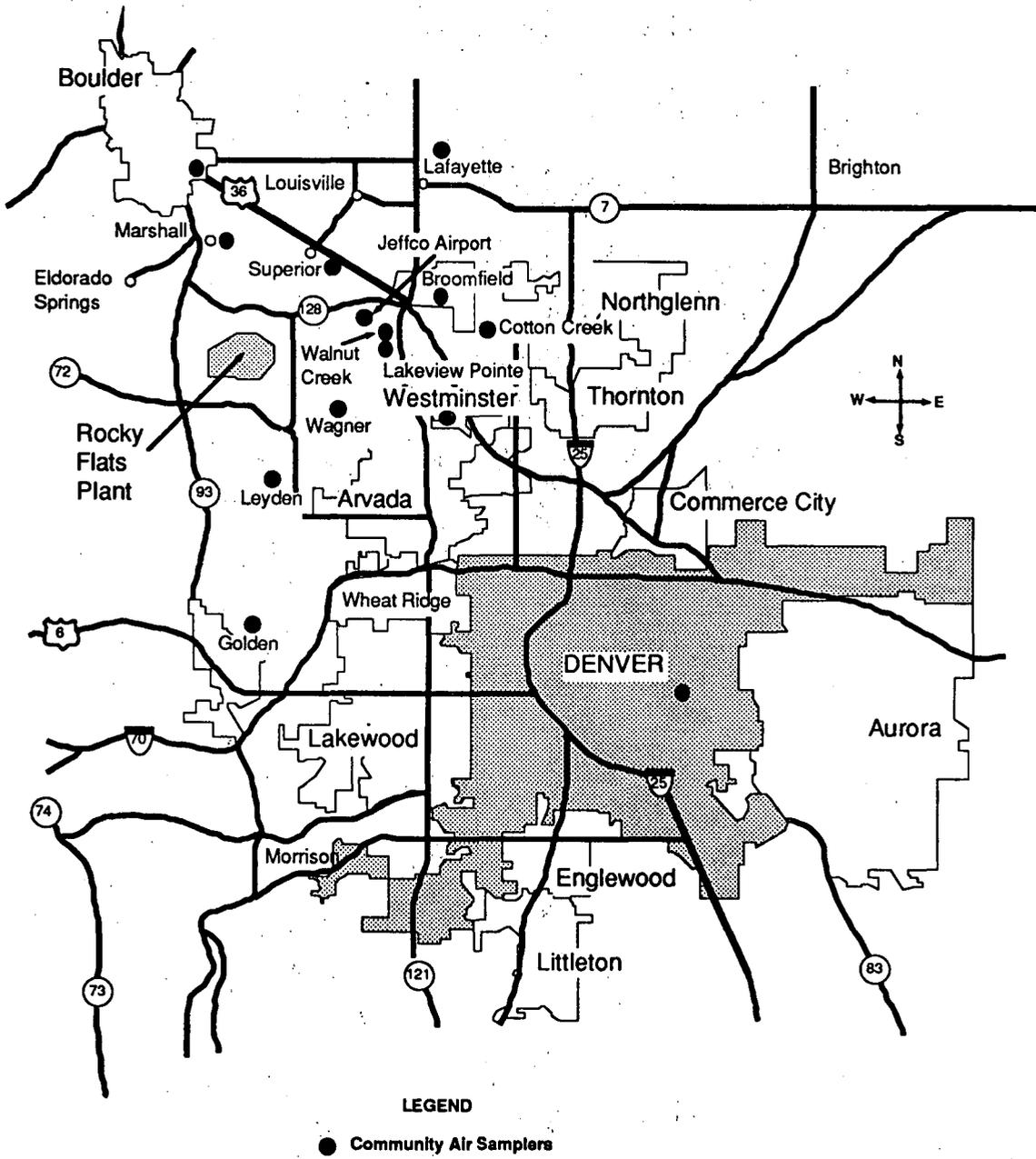


Figure 2: Location of Community Air Samplers

Table 7

Onsite Water Sample Results - Plutonium and Americium

Holding Pond Outfall (pCi/l)

<u>Location</u>	<u>Plutonium-239, -240</u>	<u>Americium-241</u>
<u>Pond A-4</u> - No discharge.		
<u>Pond B-5</u> - No discharge.		
<u>Pond C-1</u>		
11/04/91 - 11/08/91	0.054 ± 0.020	0.004 ± 0.009
11/11/91 - 11/15/91	-0.025 ± 0.022	0.005 ± 0.026
11/16/91 - 11/21/91	-0.002 ± 0.004	0.002 ± 0.003
11/23/91 - 11/29/91	0.000 ± 0.007	-0.001 ± 0.003
Average concentration	0.07 ± 0.015	0.003 ± 0.003
<u>Pond C-2</u> - No discharge.		
<u>Walnut Creek at Indiana</u>		
11/20/91 - 11/23/91 ^a	-0.006 ± 0.003	-0.019 ± 0.013
Average concentration ^a	-0.006 ± 0.003	-0.019 ± 0.013

^a Runoff samples; volume weighted average concentrations could not be calculated because flow was too low to accurately measure.

Table 8

Onsite Water Sample Results - Uranium

Holding Pond Outfall (pCi/l)

Location	Uranium-233, -234		Uranium-238	
<u>Pond A-4</u> - No discharge.				
<u>Pond B-5</u> - No discharge.				
<u>Pond C-1</u>				
11/04/91 - 11/08/91	0.31	± 0.15	0.26	± 0.13
11/11/91 - 11/15/91	0.44	± 0.13	0.34	± 0.11
11/16/91 - 11/21/91	0.52	± 0.13	0.36	± 0.10
11/23/91 - 11/29/91	0.49	± 0.12	0.40	± 0.11
Average concentration	0.44	± 0.13	0.34	± 0.11
<u>Pond C-2</u> - No discharge.				
<u>Walnut Creek at Indiana</u>				
11/20/91 - 11/23/91 ^a	1.16	± 0.23	0.91	± 0.19
Average concentration ^a	1.16	± 0.23	0.91	± 0.19

^a Runoff samples; volume weighted average concentrations could not be calculated because flow was too low to accurately measure.

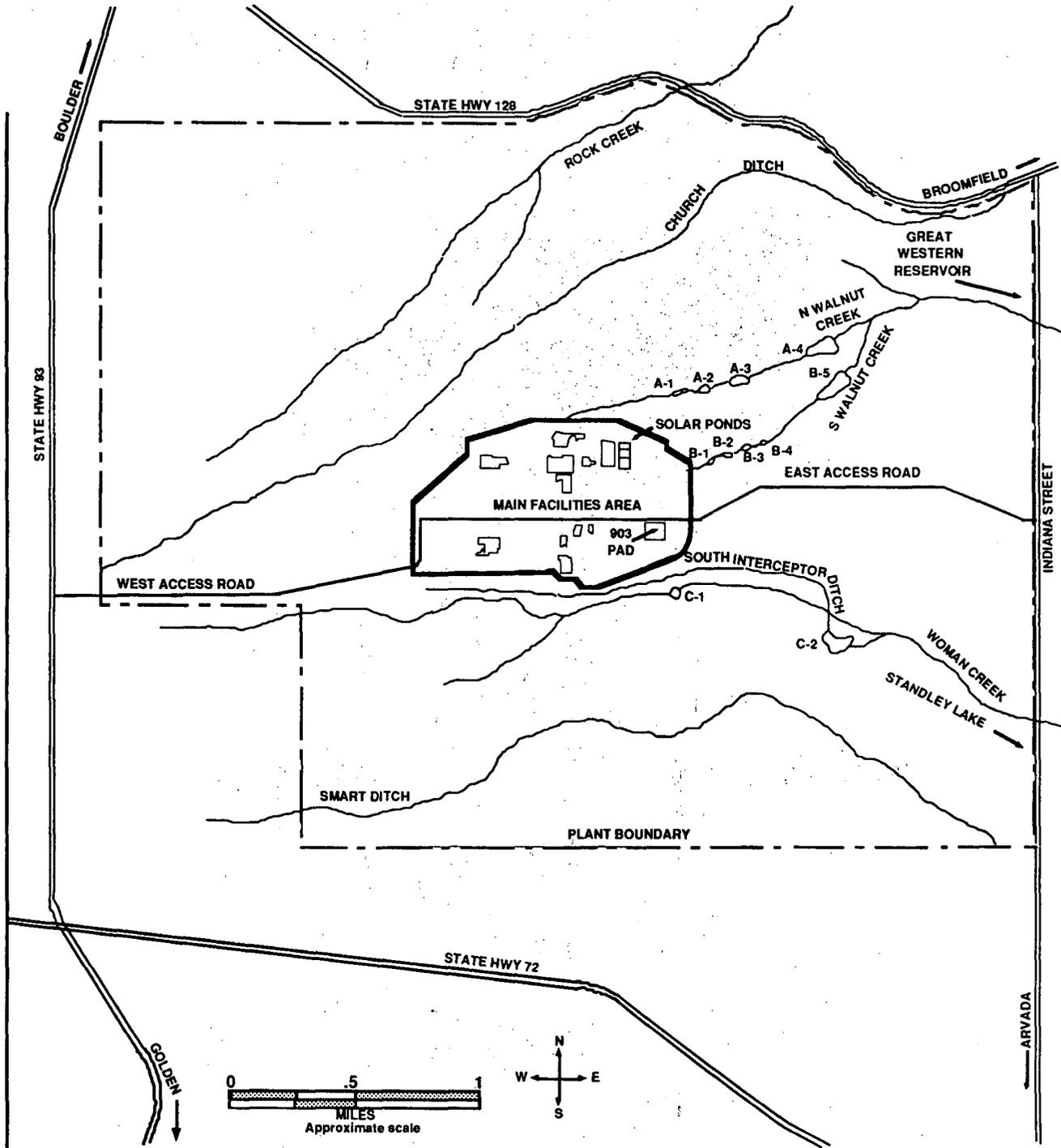
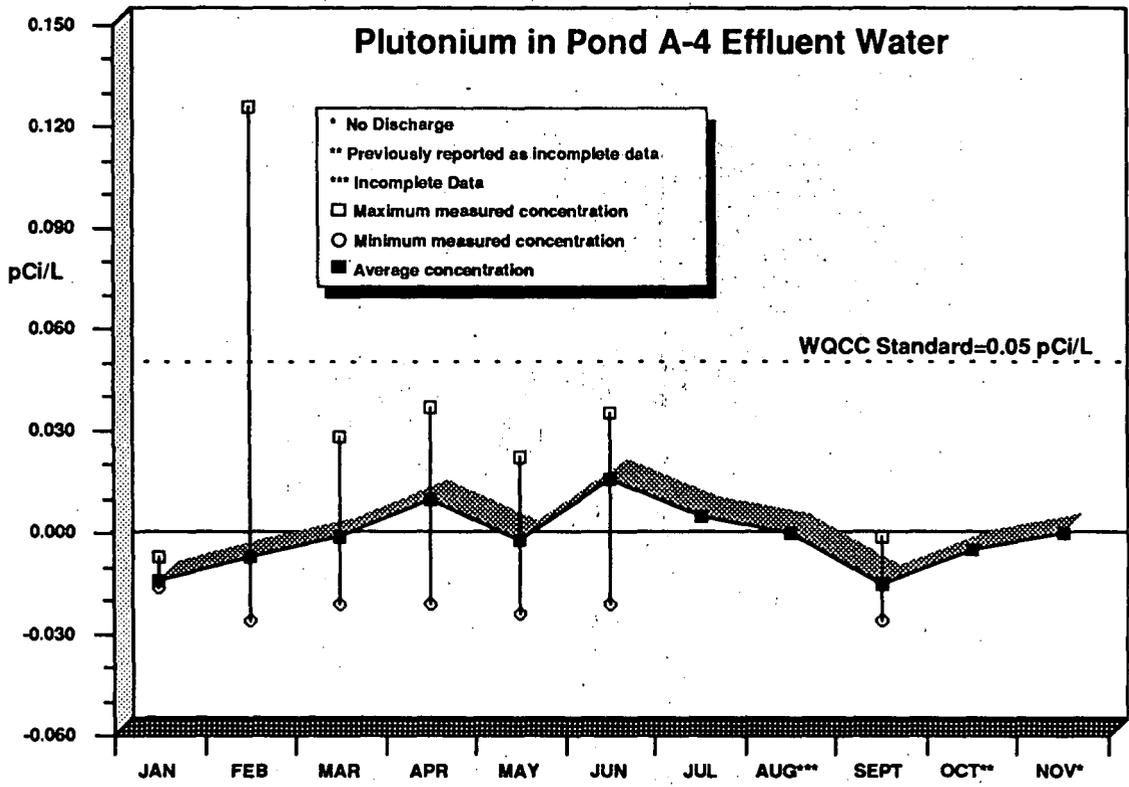
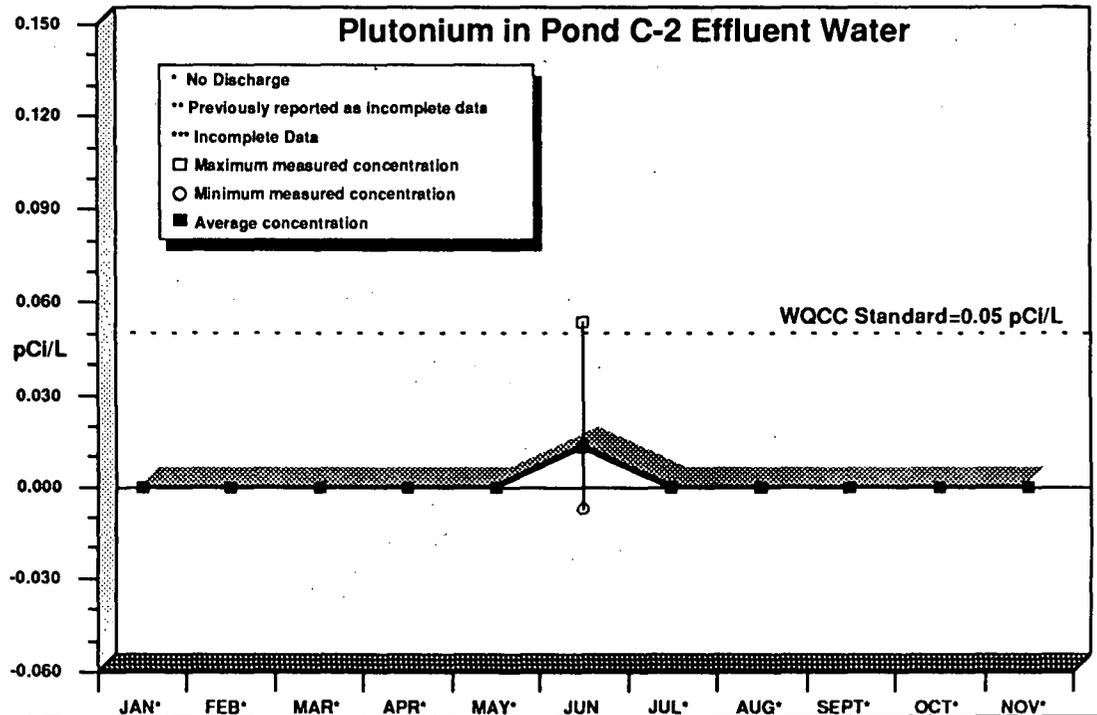
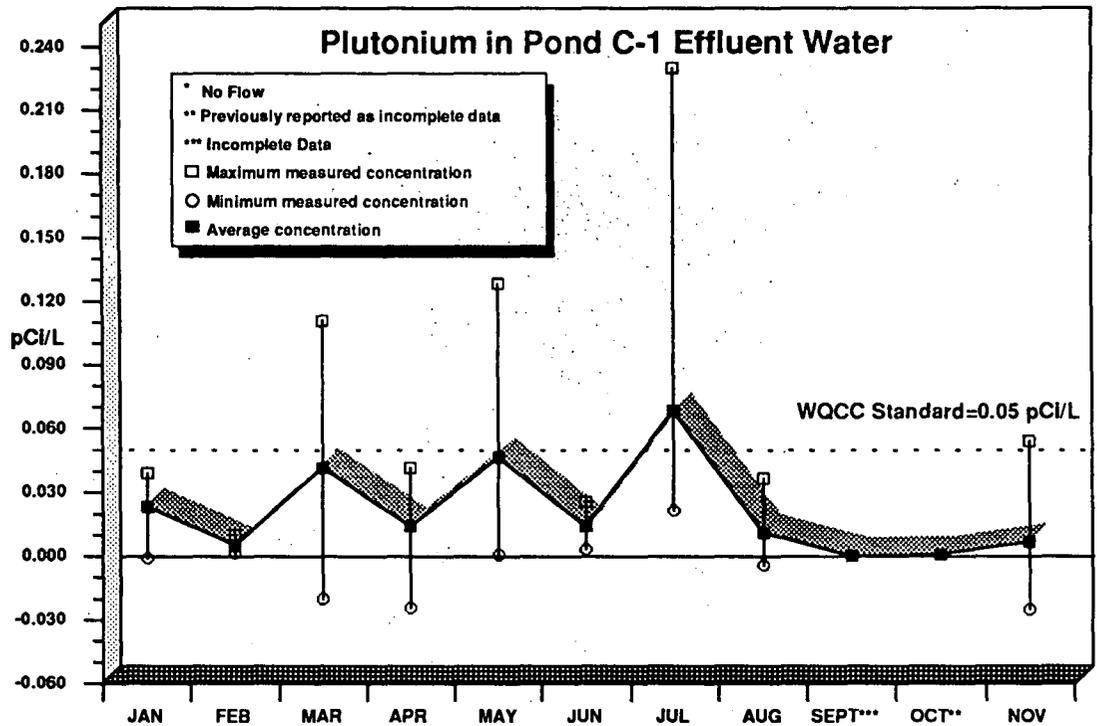


Figure 3: Holding Pond and Liquid Effluent Water Courses



No discharge from Pond B-5 during 1991.



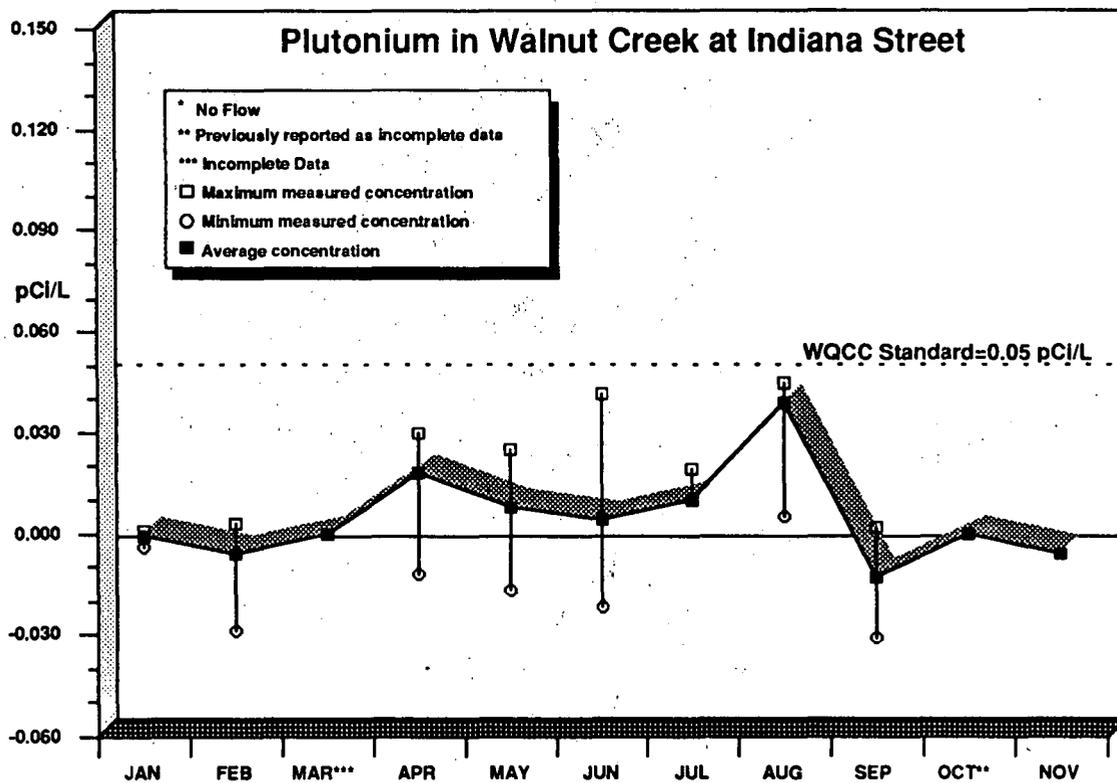


Table 9

Offsite Water Sample Results - Plutonium and Americium

<u>Location</u>	<u>Number of Samples</u>	<u>Reservoirs (pCi/l)</u>	
		<u>Plutonium-239, -240</u>	<u>Americium-241</u>
Great Western	1a	-0.005 ± 0.005	0.002 ± 0.005
Standley Lake	1a	0.004 ± 0.009	0.003 ± 0.006
<u>Community Tap Water (pCi/l)</u>			
Boulder	1a	-0.007 ± 0.004	0.005 ± 0.008
Broomfield	1a	0.013 ± 0.011	-0.002 ± 0.004
Westminster	1a	-0.007 ± 0.004	-0.001 ± 0.006

^a Plutonium and Americium analyses were performed on one sample composited from four weekly grab samples.

Table 10

Offsite Water Sample Results - Uranium

		Reservoirs (pCi/l)			
<u>Location</u>	<u>Number of Samples</u>	<u>Uranium-233, -234</u>		<u>Uranium-238</u>	
Great Western	1a	0.38	± 0.10	0.49	± 0.11
Standley Lake	1a	0.70	± 0.25	0.55	± 0.21
		Community Tap Water (pCi/l)			
Boulder	1a	0.00	± 0.03	0.01	± 0.03
Broomfield	1a		b		b
Westminster	1a	0.40	± 0.14	0.28	± 0.11

a Uranium analyses were performed on one sample composited from four weekly grab samples.
 b Incomplete lab analysis.

Table 11

Onsite and Offsite Water Sample Results - Tritium

Tritium (pCi/l)				
<u>Location</u>	<u>Number of Samples</u>	<u>C. Minimum</u>	<u>C. Maximum</u>	<u>C. Average</u>
Pond C-1	4	-360 ± 190	170 ± 240	-40 ± 200
Boulder	5	-210 ± 190	80 ± 200	-10 ± 210
Broomfield	5	-80 ± 200	30 ± 200	-10 ± 210
Great Western	5	-170 ± 190	80 ± 200	-10 ± 210
Standley Lake	5	-40 ± 180	90 ± 190	30 ± 220
Westminster	5	-170 ± 190	190 ± 210	40 ± 210
Walnut at Indiana ^a	4	-170 ± 200	200 ± 210	0 ± 200

^a Runoff samples; volume weighted average concentration could not be calculated because flow was too low to accurately measure.

Table 12

Offsite Water Sample Results - Nitrate as Nitrogen

Nitrate (as N) at Great Western Reservoir

<u>Sample Date</u>	<u>Nitrate (as N) (mg/l)</u>
11/07/91	0.05
11/14/91	<0.02
11/21/91	0.02
11/26/91	0.03

Nitrate (as N) at Standley Lake

11/07/91	0.05
11/14/91	<0.02
11/21/91	0.02
11/26/91	<0.02

Note: For some nonradioactive parameters, the concentrations that are measured at or below the minimum detectable concentration (MDC) are assigned to MDC. The less than symbol (<) indicates MDC values and calculated values that include one or more MDCs.

Table 13

NPDES/FFCA Permit Water Sample Results

Discharge 001-A (Pond B-3) Discharged continuously from 11/01/91 through 11/30/91.

<u>Parameters</u>		<u>Measured 30-Day Average</u>	<u>Limit 30-Day Average</u>	<u>Measured Max. 7-Day Average</u>	<u>Limit Max. 7-Day Average</u>
Nitrate	mg/l	3.8	10.0	4.2	20
Total Residual Chlorine	mg/l		<u>Measured Maximum</u> 0.06	<u>Limit Maximum</u> 0.5	

Discharge 001-B (Sewage Treatment Plant) Discharged continuously from 11/01/91 through 11/30/91.

<u>Parameters</u>		<u>Measured 30-Day Average</u>	<u>Limit 30-Day Average</u>	<u>Measured Maximum</u>	<u>Limit Maximum</u>
CBOD5	mg/l	6	10	13	25
Total Phosphorus	mg/l	0.3	8	0.9	12
Total Chromium	mg/l	<0.005	0.05	<0.005	0.10
Fecal Coliforms	#/100 ml	<u>Measured 30-Day Average</u> 11(Geometric)	<u>Limit 30-Day Average</u> 200(Geometric)	<u>Measured Max. 7-Day Average</u> 12(Geometric)	<u>Limit Max. 7-Day Average</u> 400(Geometric)
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	8	30	13	45
pH	SU	<u>Measured Minimum</u> 6.7	<u>Limit Minimum</u> 6.0	<u>Measured Maximum</u> 7.6	<u>Limit Maximum</u> 9.0
Oil and Grease		<u>Observed Sheen</u> No visual	<u>Limit Sheen</u> No visual		

Discharge 002 (Pond A-3) Discharged from 11/13/91 through 11/16/91.

<u>Parameters</u>		<u>Measured 30-Day Average</u>	<u>Limit 30-Day Average</u>	<u>Measured Maximum</u>	<u>Limit Maximum</u>
Nitrates as N	mg/l	1.4	10	1.5	20
pH	SU	<u>Measured Minimum</u> 7.5	<u>Limit Minimum</u> 6.0	<u>Measured Maximum</u> 8.1	<u>Limit Maximum</u> 9.0

Table 13

NPDES/FFCA Permit Water Sample Results (Continued)

Discharge 003 (RO Pilot Plant) and Discharge 004 (RO Plant) are inactive outfalls and will be eliminated from the new NPDES permit.

Discharge 005 (Pond A-4) No discharge.

<u>Parameters</u>		<u>Measured Maximum</u>	<u>Limit Maximum</u>
Total Chromium	mg/l		

Discharge 006 (Pond B-5) No discharge.

<u>Parameters</u>		<u>Measured Maximum</u>	<u>Limit Maximum</u>
Nitrate as N	mg/l		
Total Residual Chlorine	mg/l		
Total Chromium	mg/l		

Discharge 007 (Pond C-2) No discharge.

<u>Parameters</u>		<u>Measured Maximum</u>	<u>Limit Maximum</u>
Total Chromium	mg/l		

Table 14

NPDES/FFCA Effluent Monitoring

Discharge 001-A (Pond B-3) Discharged continuously 11/01/91 through 11/30/91.

<u>Parameters</u>		<u>Measured Maximum</u>	<u>Measured 30-Day Average</u>
BOD5	mg/l	11	8
CBOD5	mg/l	14	3.8
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	14	5

Discharge 001-B (Sewage Treatment Plant [STP]) Discharged continuously 11/01/91 through 11/30/91.

<u>Parameters</u>		<u>Measured Maximum</u>	<u>Measured 30-Day Average</u>
Nitrate as N	mg/l	3.4	5.3
Total Residual Chlorine	mg/l	0.02	0.01

Whole Effluent Toxicity^a Reported quarterly; data reported in September 1991.

Ceriodaphnia % Eff to LC50:
Fathead Minnows % Eff to LC50:

<u>Metals</u>		<u>Measured 30-Day Average</u>
Antimony	ug/l	<39
Arsenic	ug/l	<1.4
Beryllium	ug/l	<1.0
Cadmium	ug/l	<0.2
Copper	ug/l	<11
Iron	ug/l	116
Lead	ug/l	2.2
Manganese	ug/l	31.6
Mercury	ug/l	<0.2
Nickel	ug/l	<14
Silver	ug/l	<0.2
Zinc	ug/l	34.8

Metals were sampled on 11/06/91 and 11/13/91.

		<u>PQL^b</u>	<u>Concentrations that were above PQL</u>	
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)				
Methylene chloride	ug/l	5	6	sample date 11/20/91

Table 14

NPDES/FFCA Effluent Monitoring (Continued)

Discharge 003 (Reverse Osmosis Pilot Plant) and Discharge 004 (Reverse Osmosis Plant) are inactive outfalls and will be eliminated from the new NPDES permit.

Discharge 005 (Pond A-4) No discharge.

Whole Effluent Toxicity^a Reported quarterly; data reported in September 1991.

Ceriodaphnia	% Eff to LC50:
Fathead Minnows	% Eff to LC50:

Discharge 006 (Pond B-5) No discharge.

Whole Effluent Toxicity^a

Ceriodaphnia	% Eff to LC50:
Fathead Minnows	% Eff to LC50:

Discharge 007 (Pond C-2) No discharge.

Whole Effluent Toxicity^a

Ceriodaphnia	% Eff to LC50:
Fathead Minnows	% Eff to LC50:

^a Results for whole effluent toxicity are given in percentage of effluent sample that will cause mortality to half the test result organisms within the time frame of the test. For example, >100 percent indicates that 100 percent pure effluent did not cause acute toxicity to at least half of the organisms. A lower percentage LC₅₀ (lethal concentration to 50 percent of test organisms) indicates a greater toxic effect since less of the sample is required to observe a sufficiently extensive adverse effect.

^b PQL is the Practical Quantitation Limit. It is equal to ten times the Method Detection Limit and represents the quantity at which 70 percent of laboratories can report in the 95 percent confidence interval.

Table 15

Water Sample Results, Nonradioactive Parameters

Walnut Creek at Indiana Street

<u>Parameters</u>		<u>Number of Samples</u>	<u>C Minimum</u>	<u>C Maximum</u>	<u>C Average</u>
pH	SU	4	6.84	7.42	N/A
Nitrates as N	mg/l	4	0.41	0.53	0.46

Runoff samples were collected from 11/20/91 through 11/23/91.

Table 16

Daily Flow Data Recorded at the Walnut Creek at Indiana Gaging Station, Ponds A-4 and B-5

<u>Date</u>	<u>Walnut Creek at Indiana (Gallons)</u>	<u>Pond A-4 (Gallons)</u>	<u>Pond B-5 (Gallons)</u>
11/01/91	No flow	No discharge	No discharge
11/02/91			
11/03/91			
11/04/91			
11/05/91			
11/06/91			
11/07/91			
11/08/91			
11/09/91			
11/10/91			
11/11/91			
11/12/91			
11/13/91			
11/14/91			
11/15/91			
11/16/91			
11/17/91			
11/18/91			
11/19/91	No flow		
11/20/91	Low flow-runoff		
11/21/91	Low flow-runoff		
11/22/91	321,000		
11/23/91	Low flow-runoff		
11/24/91	No flow		
11/25/91			
11/26/91			
11/27/91			
11/28/91			
11/29/91			
11/30/91	No flow	No discharge	No discharge
Total	^a	No discharge	No discharge

^a Between 11/20/91 and 11/23/91, flow was observed during a runoff event. With the exception of 11/22/91, all flow was observable but too low to accurately measure. No total flow will be reported.

Table 17

Daily Flow Data Recorded at Ponds C-1 and C-2 (Woman Creek)

<u>Date</u>	<u>Pond C-1 (Gallons)</u>	<u>Pond C-2 (Gallons)</u>
11/01/91	150,000	No discharge
11/02/91	133,000	
11/03/91	127,000	
11/04/91	221,000	
11/05/91	363,000	
11/06/91	216,000	
11/07/91	195,000	
11/08/91	154,000	
11/09/91	144,000	
11/10/91	218,000	
11/11/91	188,000	
11/12/91	159,000	
11/13/91	107,000	
11/14/91	151,000	
11/15/91	173,000	
11/16/91	234,000	
11/17/91	354,000	
11/18/91	399,000	
11/19/91	378,000	
11/20/91	418,000	
11/21/91	699,000	
11/22/91	537,000	
11/23/91	368,000	
11/24/91	310,000	
11/25/91	349,000	
11/26/91	620,000	
11/27/91	467,000	
11/28/91	387,000	
11/29/91	340,000	
11/30/91	298,000	No discharge
Total	8,857,000	No discharge

Table 18

Daily Transfer Flow Data Recorded for Pond B-5 to Pond A-4

<u>Date</u>	<u>Pond B-5 to Pond A-4 (gallons)</u>
11/01/91	1,140,700
11/02/91	1,041,000
11/03/91	1,035,900
11/04/91	857,400
11/05/91	651,600
11/06/91	800,000
11/07/91	718,100
11/08/91	700,800
11/09/91	698,100
11/10/91	718,100
11/11/91	697,200
11/12/91	700,600
11/13/91	675,100
11/14/91	643,100
11/15/91	372,400
11/16/91	No Transfer
11/17/91	
11/18/91	
11/19/91	
11/20/91	
11/21/91	
11/22/91	
11/23/91	
11/24/91	
11/25/91	
11/26/91	
11/27/91	
11/28/91	
11/29/91	
11/30/91	No transfer
Total	No transfer

Site Meteorology and Climatology

Meteorological data were collected on the plantsite during November 1991 from instrumentation installed on a 61-meter (200-foot) tower located in the west buffer zone. Meteorological information in this report represents over 91 percent data recovery. Table 19 is the November 1991 summary of the percent frequency of wind directions (16 compass points) divided into four wind-speed categories. The compass point designations indicate the true bearing when facing against the wind. These frequency values are represented graphically in the accompanying wind rose. The wind rose vectors also represent the bearing against the wind (i.e., wind along each vector blows toward the center).

The high frequency of winds with a westerly component is normal at the RFP (when there are no strong synoptic systems). The low frequency of winds greater than 7 meters per second (m/s) (15.6 mph) with easterly components is also normal.

Snow storms seemd to be a weekly occurrence in November, along with cooler temperatures. The strongest storm system occurred in the middle of the month with an intense, vertically stacked low pressure moving up from the four corners area of the country. The atomspheric pattern associated with this system contributed 85 percent of the total precipitation recorded in November. Because of a tower system failure during the Thanksgiving holiday, montly precipitation may have been underestimated.

The mean wind speed for November 1991 was 4.1 m/s (9.2 mph). The highest wind gust for November 1991 was 31.0 m/s (69.3 mph), which occurred during a chinook windstorm on November 17 at approximately 2:30 pm.

The mean temperature recorded for November 1991 was 2.3 °C (36.1 °F). The maximum temperature recorded for November 1991 was 19.4 °C (66.9 °F), which occurred on November 12 at approximately 2:00 pm. The minimum temperature recorded was -19.3 °C (-2.7 °F) on November 2 at approximately 7:15 am.

In November 1991, the RFP recorded 4.37 centimeters (1.72 inches) of precipitation. The maximum precipitation for a 15-minute period was .20 centimeters (.08 inches), which occurred at approximately 6:15 pm on November 18. The maximum precipitation recorded for a 24-hour period was 2.20 centimeters (.87 inches), which started as rain then changed to snow on November 16. Snow continued through the morning of November 17.

Table 19

Rocky Flats Plant Wind Direction Frequency (Percent) by Four Wind-Speed Classes

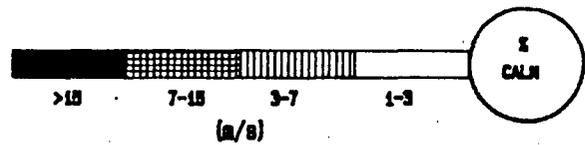
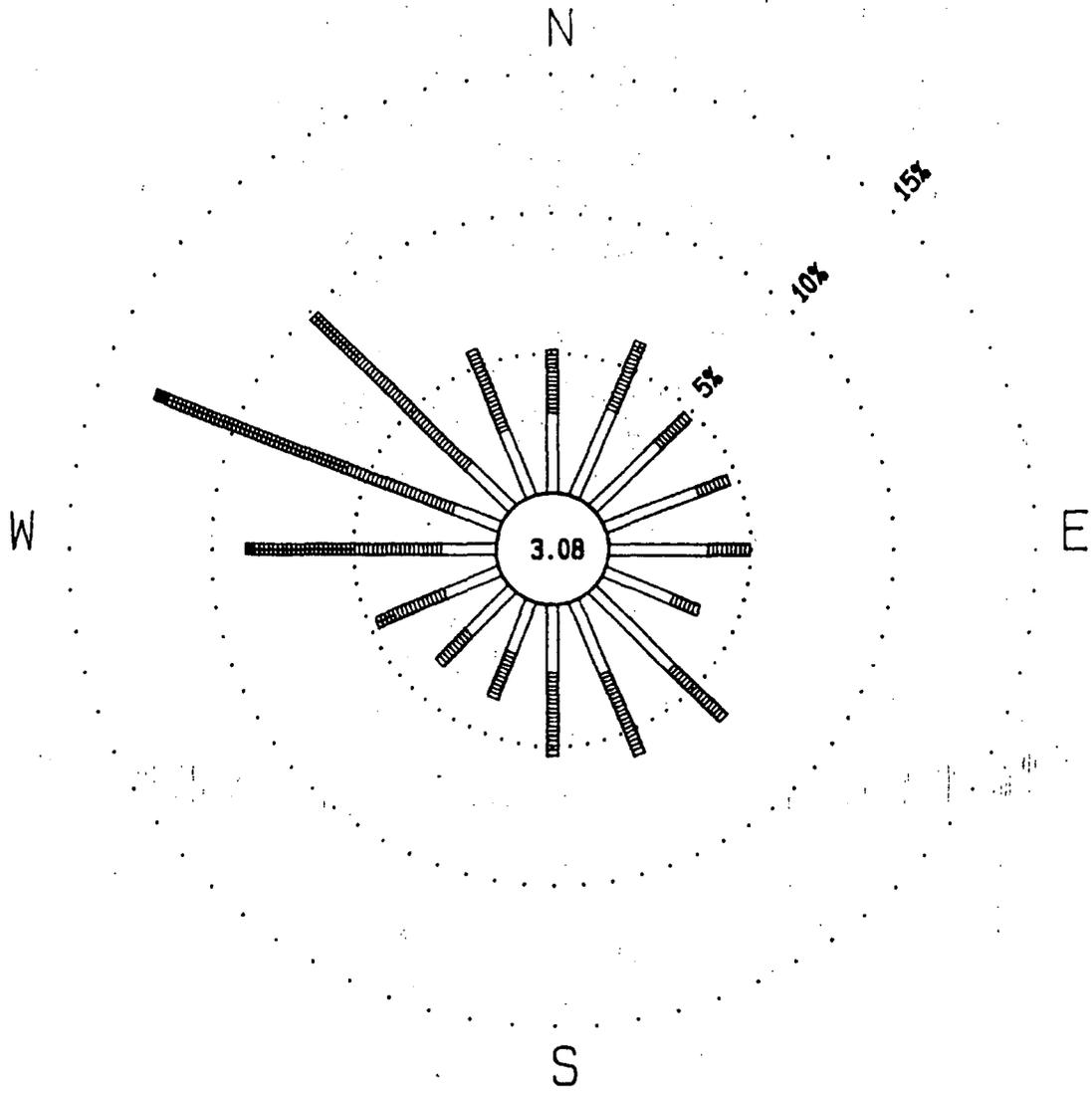
(Fifteen-Minute Averages - November 1991)

	<u>Calm</u>	<u>1-3</u> <u>(m/s)</u>	<u>3-7</u> <u>(m/s)</u>	<u>7-15</u> <u>(m/s)</u>	<u>> 15</u> <u>(m/s)</u>	<u>Total</u>
-	3.08	-	-	-	-	3.08
N	-	2.84	2.26	0.15	0.00	5.25
NNE	-	3.49	2.18	0.19	0.00	5.87
NE	-	3.45	1.38	0.04	0.00	4.87
ENE	-	3.53	1.11	0.04	0.00	4.68
E	-	3.64	1.49	0.00	0.00	5.14
ESE	-	2.53	0.84	0.00	0.00	3.37
SE	-	4.10	2.53	0.00	0.00	6.63
SSE	-	2.72	3.07	0.04	0.00	5.83
S	-	2.49	2.84	0.11	0.00	5.44
SSW	-	1.92	1.69	0.00	0.00	3.61
SW	-	2.18	1.49	0.08	0.00	3.76
WSW	-	2.07	1.99	0.57	0.00	4.63
W	-	1.92	3.10	3.60	0.19	8.81
WNW	-	1.80	4.06	6.90	0.38	13.15
NW	-	2.30	5.52	2.26	0.00	10.08
NNW	-	2.61	3.03	0.15	0.00	5.79
Totals	3.08	43.59	38.61	14.15	0.57	100.0

Table 20

Precipitation Report

<u>Date</u>	<u>Daily Total</u>
11-01-91	.05 inches
11-02-92	.01 inches
11-08-91	.02 inches
11-14-91	.09 inches
11-15-91	.08 inches
11-16-91	.28 inches
11-17-91	.59 inches
11-18-91	.42 inches
11-19-91	.11 inches
11-21-91	.04 inches
11-28-91	Missing
11-29-91	.02 inches
11-30-91	.01 inches
Total Precipitation	1.72 inches



Wind Rose for the Rocky Flats Plant - November 1991

Appendix A

Radiation Standards for Protection of the Public

Calculation of Potential Plant Contribution to Public Radiation Dose

The primary standards for protection of the public from radiation are based on radiation dose. Radiation dose is a means of quantifying the biological damage or risk of ionizing radiation. The unit of radiation dose is the rem or the millirem (1 rem = 1,000 mrem). Radiation protection standards for the public are annual standards, based on the projected radiation dose from a year's exposure to or intake of radioactive materials.

Radiation dose is a calculated value. It is calculated by multiplying radioactivity concentrations in air and water or on contaminated surfaces by assumed intake rates (for internal exposures) or by exposure times (for external exposure to penetrating radiation), then by the appropriate radiation dose conversion factors. That is:

$$\text{Radiation Dose} = \frac{\text{Radioactivity Concentration} \times \text{Intake Rate/Exposure Time} \times \text{Dose Conversion Factor}}{\text{Dose Conversion Factor}}$$

Radioactivity concentrations can be determined either by measurements in the environment or by calculations using computer models. These computer models perform airborne dispersion/dose modeling of measured building radioactivity effluents and estimated diffuse source term emissions (e.g., from resuspension from contaminated soil areas).

Assumed intake rates and dose conversion factors used are based on recommendations of national and international radiation protection advisory organizations, such as the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) and the International Commission on Radiological Protection (ICRP).

Radioactive materials of importance in calculating radiation dose to the public from Rocky Flats Plant (RFP) activities include plutonium, uranium, americium, and tritium. Alpha radiation emissions from plutonium, uranium, and americium are primary contributors to the projected radiation dose.

DOE Radiation Protection Standards for the Public

ICRP-Recommended Standards for all Pathways:

Temporary Increase - 500 mrem-year Effective Dose Equivalent (with prior approval of DOE EH-2)

Normal Operations - 100 mrem/year Effective Dose Equivalent

EPA Clean Air Act Standards for the Air Pathway Only:

10 mrem-year Effective Dose Equivalent

DOE Derived Concentration Guides for Radionuclides of Interest at the Rocky Flats Plant

Air Inhalation:

Radionuclide	DCG (pCi/m ³)
Plutonium-239, -240	0.02

Water Ingestion:

Radionuclide	DCG (pCi/l)
Plutonium-239, -240	30
Americium-241	30
Uranium-233, -234	500
Uranium-238	600
Hydrogen-3 (Tritium)	2,000,000

DOE Derived Concentration Guides

Potential public radiation dose commitments, which could have resulted from plant operations and from background (i.e., non-Plant) contributions, are calculated from average radionuclide concentrations measured at the Department of Energy (DOE) property boundary and in surrounding communities. Inhalation and water ingestion are the principal potential pathways of human exposure.

On February 8, 1990, DOE adopted DOE Order 5400.5, "Radiation Protection of the Public and the Environment," a radiation protection standard for DOE environmental activities (US 90). This standard incorporates guidance from the International Commission on Radiological Protection (ICRP), as well as from the Environmental Protection Agency Clean Air Act air emission standards (as implemented in 40 CFR 61, Subpart H). Included in DOE Order 5400.5 is a revision of the dose limits for members of the public. Tables of radiation dose conversion factors currently used for calculating dose from intakes of radioactive materials were issued in July 1988 (US88a, US88b). The dose factors are based on the ICRP Publications 30 and 48 methodology and biological models for radiation dosimetry. The DOE Order 5400.5 and the dose conversion factor tables are used for assessment of any potential RFP contribution to public radiation dose. On December 15, 1989, EPA published revised Clean Air Act air emission standards for DOE facilities (US89). DOE radiation standards for protection of the public are given in this Appendix and include the December 15, 1989, EPA Clean Air Act air pathway standards.

Secondary radioactivity concentration guides can be calculated from the primary radiation dose standards and used as comparison values for measured radioactivity concentrations. DOE provides tables of these "Derived Concentration Guides" - in Order 5400.5. Derived Concentration Guides (DCGs) are the concentrations that would result in an effective dose equivalent of 100 mrem from one year's chronic exposure or intake. In calculating air inhalation DCGs, DOE assumes that the exposed individual inhales 8,400 cubic meters of air at the calculated DCG during the year. Ingestion DCGs

**Compliance with EPA
Clean Air Act Standards**

assume a water intake of 730 liters at the calculated DCG for the year. The table on page 40 lists the most restrictive air and water DCGs for the principal radionuclides of interest at the RFP.

To determine compliance with the EPA air emissions standards, measured airborne effluent radioactivity emissions are entered into the EPA-approved atmospheric dispersion/dose calculation computer model, AIRDOS-PC, for calculation of the maximum radiation dose that an individual in the public could receive from the air pathway only.

For comparison with the annual radiation dose standards for protection of the public, the maximum annual effective dose equivalent that a member of the public could receive as a result of RFP activities is typically less than 1 mrem, or less than 1 percent of the recommended annual standard for all pathways.

Dose Equivalent and Effective Dose Equivalent

Dose equivalent is a calculated value used to quantify radiation dose; it reflects the degree of biological effect from ionizing radiation. Differences in the biological effect of different types of ionizing radiation (e.g., alpha, beta, gamma, or x-rays) are accounted for in the calculation of dose equivalent.

Effective dose equivalent is a calculated value used to allow comparisons of total health risk (based primarily on the risk of cancer mortality) from exposures of different types of ionizing radiation to different body organs. It is calculated by first calculating the dose equivalent to those organs receiving significant exposures, multiplying each organ dose equivalent by a health risk weighting factor, and then summing those products. One millirem effective dose equivalent from natural background radiation would have the same health risk as one millirem effective dose equivalent from an artificially produced source of radiation.

References

US88a DOE/EH-0070, "External Dose-Rate Conversion Factors for Calculation of Dose to the Public," United States Department of Energy, Asst. Secretary for Environment, Safety and Health, July 1988.

US88b DOE/EH-0071, "Internal Dose Conversion Factors for Calculation of Dose to the Public," United States Department of Energy, Asst. Secretary of Environment, Safety and Health, July 1988.

US89 United States Environmental Protection Agency, Code of Federal Regulations 40 CFR 61, Subpart H, "National Emission Standards for Emissions of Radionuclides other than Radon from Department of Energy Facilities," Washington, D.C., December 15, 1989.

US90 United States Department of Energy, DOE Order 5400.5, "Radiation Protection of the Public and the Environment," Washington, D.C., February 8, 1990.

Appendix B

National Pollution Discharge Elimination System/Federal Facilities Compliance Agreement Volatile Organic Compounds

The following is a list of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) for which monitoring is required by the Environmental Protection Agency National Pollution Discharge Elimination System/Federal Facilities Compliance Agreement (NPDES/FFCA).

<u>Compound</u>	<u>PQL (ug/l)</u>	<u>Compound</u>	<u>PQL (ug/l)</u>
Benzene	5	1,3-dichloropropylene	5
Bromoform	5	Ethylbenzene	5
Methyl bromide	10	Methyl chloride	10
Carbon Tetrachloride	5	Methylene chloride	5
Chlorobenzene	5	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	5
Chlorodibromomethane	5	Tetrachloroethylene	5
Chloroethane	10	Toluene	5
Chloroform	5	1,2-trans-dichloroethylene	5
Dichlorobromomethane	5	1,1,1-trichloroethane	5
1,1-dichloroethane	5	1,1,2-trichloroethane	5
1,2-dichloroethane	5	Trichloroethylene	5
1,1-dichloroethylene	5	Vinyl chloride	10
1,2-dichloropropane	5		

Appendix C

Colorado Water Quality Control Commission Standards

The Colorado Water Quality Control Commission has promulgated new standards for the Walnut Creek and Woman Creek drainages downstream from the Rocky Flats Plant. The Environmental Protection Agency has not yet written a new National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit that reflects these standards; however, in the spirit of the Agreement in Principle completed between the Department of Energy and the State of Colorado, the plant is attempting to meet the standards at this time.

Appendix D

*Corrections and Updates
for Previously Reported Information*

Table 4 - Errata October 1991

Plutonium Concentrations in Ambient Air for Onsite Samplers

(09/30/91 - 10/28/91)

Location	Number Composited Monthly Samples	Volume (m3)	Average Plutonium Concentration (pCi/m3)	± 95 percent Confidence Interval (pCi/m3)
S-01a	1	10000	0.000484	0.000076
S-02	1	31000	0.000013	0.000007
S-03	1	30000	0.000006	0.000004
S-04	1	26000	0.000013	0.000005
S-05	1	31000	0.000044	0.000008
S-06	1	28000	0.000107	0.000021
S-07	1	28000	0.000107	0.000019
S-08	1	32000	0.000169	0.000029
S-09	1	31000	0.000082	0.000017
S-10	1	30000	0.000004	0.000003
S-11	1	32000	0.000004	0.000003
S-12b				
S-13	1	30000	0.000004	0.000002
S-14c	1	28000	0.000004	0.000003
S-15b				
S-16	1	29000	0.000001	0.000002
S-17	1	29000	0.000004	0.000003
S-18	1	30000	0.000018	0.000006
S-19	1	29000	0.000022	0.000006
S-20	1	30000	0.000012	0.000005
S-21	1	33000	0.000023	0.000006
S-22	1	27000	0.000008	0.000004
S-23	1	31000	0.000002	0.000002
S-24	1	30000	0.000001	0.000002
S-25d	1	32000	0.000062	0.000011
S-81	1	40000	0.000008	0.000005

a Sampler was inoperable during part of the sampling period.

b These samplers were removed from the RAAMP network and will be used at the new community operated monitoring stations.

c Previously reported as incomplete analyses.

d This sampler was previously designated as sampler number S-8B.

Table 7 - Errata October 1991

Onsite Water Sample Results - Plutonium and Americium

Holding Pond Outfall (pCi/l)

<u>Location</u>	<u>Plutonium-239, -240</u>	<u>Americium-241</u>
<u>Pond A-4</u>		
10/25/91 - 10/31/91	-0.005 ± 0.025	-0.007 ± 0.021
Volume weighted average concentration	-0.005 ± 0.025	-0.007 ± 0.021
<u>Pond B-5 - No discharge</u>		
<u>Pond C-1</u>		
10/07/91 - 10/11/91	-0.017 ± 0.020	0.004 ± 0.009
10/14/91 - 10/18/91	0.015 ± 0.024	-0.008 ± 0.018
10/21/91 - 10/25/91	-0.017 ± 0.018	-0.001 ± 0.004
10/28/91 - 11/01/91	0.021 ± 0.017	0.002 ± 0.005
Average concentration	0.001 ± 0.020	-0.001 ± 0.011
<u>Pond C-2 - No discharge</u>		
<u>Walnut Creek at Indiana</u>		
10/26/91 - 10/27/91	a	a
10/28/91 - 11/01/91	0.000 ± 0.007	-0.001 ± 0.024
Volume weighted average concentration	0.000 ± 0.007	-0.001 ± 0.024

^a Samples were collected, but lost prior to analysis. No data will be available for this sample collection. See Executive Summary for details.

Table 8 - Errata October 1991

Onsite Water Sample Results - Uranium

Holding Pond Outfall (pCi/l)

Location	Uranium-233, -234	Uranium-238
<u>Pond A-4</u>		
10/25/91 - 10/31/91	1.37 ± 0.34	1.10 ± 0.29
Volume weighted average concentration	1.37 ± 0.34	1.10 ± 0.29
<u>Pond B-5</u> - No discharge		
<u>Pond C-1</u>		
10/07/91 - 10/11/91	0.82 ± 0.20	0.56 ± 0.15
10/14/91 - 10/18/91	0.75 ± 0.21	0.64 ± 0.18
10/21/91 - 10/25/91	0.61 ± 0.15	0.53 ± 0.13
10/28/91 - 11/01/91	0.56 ± 0.15	0.40 ± 0.12
Average concentration	0.69 ± 0.18	0.53 ± 0.15
<u>Pond C-2</u> - No discharge		
<u>Walnut Creek at Indiana</u>		
10/26/91 - 10/27/91	a	a
10/28/91 - 11/01/91	1.09 ± 0.27	0.97 ± 0.25
Volume weighted average concentration	1.09 ± 0.27	0.97 ± 0.25

^a Samples were collected, but lost prior to analysis. No data will be available for this sample collection. See Executive Summary for details.

Table 9 - Errata October 1991

Offsite Water Sample Results - Plutonium and Americium

Location	Number of Samples	Reservoirs (pCi/l)		Americium-241	
		Plutonium-239, -240			
Great Western	1 ^a	0.001 ±	0.005	0.002 ±	0.004
Standley Lake	1 ^a	0.008 ±	0.007	0.001 ±	0.004
Community Tap Water (pCi/l)					
Boulder	1 ^a	-0.002 ±	0.004	0.004 ±	0.006
Broomfield	1 ^a	0.035 ±	0.012	0.010 ±	0.007
Westminster	1 ^a	0.006 ±	0.008	0.002 ±	0.009

^a Plutonium and Americium analyses were performed on one sample composited from four weekly grab samples.

Table 10 - Errata October 1991

Offsite Water Sample Results - Uranium

<u>Location</u>	<u>Number of Samples</u>	<u>Reservoirs (pCi/l)</u>	
		<u>Uranium-233, -234</u>	<u>Uranium-238</u>
Great Western	1 ^a	0.36 ± 0.14	0.41 ± 0.14
Standley Lake	1 ^a	0.66 ± 0.19	0.61 ± 0.18
Community Tap Water (pCi/l)			
Boulder	1 ^a	0.00 ± 0.04	0.01 ± 0.03
Broomfield	1 ^a	0.22 ± 0.09	0.17 ± 0.08
Westminster	1 ^a	0.12 ± 0.08	0.13 ± 0.07

^a Uranium analyses were performed on one sample composited from four weekly grab samples.

Table 11 - Errata October 1991

Onsite and Offsite Water Sample Results - Tritium

Tritium (pCi/l)				
Location	Number of Samples	C Minimum	C Maximum	C Average
Pond A-4 ^a	7	-90 ± 170	110 ± 170	-10 ± 70
Pond C-1	4	-100 ± 200	210 ± 190	50 ± 190
Boulder	5	-130 ± 190	110 ± 180	0 ± 200
Broomfield	5	-100 ± 170	120 ± 180	40 ± 200
Great Western	5	-50 ± 180	180 ± 170	70 ± 200
Standley Lake	5	-30 ± 180	100 ± 180	30 ± 210
Westminster	5	-40 ± 180	170 ± 180	10 ± 180
Walnut Ck. at Indiana ^a	6	-10 ± 180	140 ± 180	60 ± 80

^a Volume weighted average concentration.

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